





FENWAY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORP. / **BOSTON SHAKESPEARE COMPANY**

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PROPOSAL FOR PARCEL SIX

February 22, 1988

FENWAY F343 1988

ODY, CLANCY & ASSOCIATES INC. ARCHITECTS



PARCEL 6

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Drawings:

- 1. Aerial Perspective/Site Plan
- 2. Ground Floor Plan/Site Plan/Perspective From Massachusetts Ave.
- 3. Second Floor Plan/Longitudinal Section/Section Perspective Of Winter Garden
- 4. Third Floor Plan/Transver& Section At Winter Garden/Transverse Section At Large Theatre/Perspective Of Interior Of Large Theatre.
- 5. Fifth Floor Plan/Massachusetts Ave. Elevation/Large Scale Partial Elevation.
- 6. Seventh Floor Plan Of Parking Plan/Rear Elevation/Southwest Corridor Park Elevation/St. Botolph Street Elevation.
- 7. Shadow Studies



Development Team

Boston Shakespeare Company - Co-developer Fenway CDC - Co-developer Goody, Clancy & Associates, Inc. - Architect Vincent McCarthy, Hale and Dorr, Attorney Alfred W. Siegrist, CPA - Accountant Contractor to be selected

Location

Massachusetts Avenue bounded by St. Botolph Street on the north and the Southwest Corridor Park on the south. An alley borders the eastern side.

Building Program

A seven story structure to include

- A 500 seat theatre, a 100 seat theatre, and accessory theatre space totaling 25,000 sq. ft., with a loading dock.
- 3,000 sq. ft. of retail space on Massachusetts Ave.
- 72 underground parking spaces
- 67 apartments (36 1BR; 31 2 BR) about 68,300 gross sq. ft. The apartments will be divided as follows:
 - A market level condominium of 33 units (18 lBR; 15 2BR)
 - Mixed income, limited-equity housing cooperative of 34 units (18 lBR; 16 2BR). Of these 17 units will be low income; 9 units will be moderate; 8 units will be middle income.
- Overall percentages for all housing units will be:

Low Income	25%
Moderate Income	13%
Middle Income	12%
Market Level	/LQ?

Design Features

Height and massing will harmonize with surroundings. To minimize the apparent size of the building, the sixth and seventh floors will be set well back, with the facades subdivided vertically into sections, and also grouped horizontally into bands of stories. Materials also will reflect existing materials used in the older neighboring buildings. Suitable landscaping, lighting, and fencing is included. The Southwest Corridor Park is fully utilized as an enhancement to the internal and external building design. To project a strong image to the adjacent area, the theatre will have two very prominent street level entrances with a connecting lobby.



Financing

To cover the high cost of providing both a theatre and affordable housing, many financing sources must be utilized, some of which are available only to non-profit neighborhood-based developers.

Income

Income will be enhanced by rent subsidies, State Housing Assistance for Rental Production (SHARP), and yearly linkage payments generated by a large nearby development project.

Debt

Massachusetts Housing Finance Agency (MHFA) - First mortgage and construction financing at below market interest rates, with conventional bank construction financing for the condominiums. The Housing Innovation Fund will be asked to provide \$500,000 in a junior mortgage, with payment deferred until other debt is amortized. The developer will take back a \$150,000 note for a portion of the fee.

Equity

A notable source of equity is the sale of the tax losses and 4% low income housing tax credits to limited partner investors. Much of the coop equity for low and moderate income members will be provided by the Housing Innovation Fund's share loan program. The balance of the equity is from the sale of market condominiums and parking spaces.

Gap Financing

Utilizing all familiar sources listed above (which Fenway CDC has used on recent projects) still leaves a gap of about \$1,744,000 or about 13% of total development cost. The following programs are likely sources of gap funding (in order of probability):

- Division of Capital Planning Civic Center program could provide up to 70% of theatre construction cost.
- Office of Community Services. A federal grant of up to \$500,000 for economic and job development available only to CDCs.
- Economic & Industrial Development Assistance Corp. has contacts with sources of below market loans for theatre and retail space.
- Urban Development Action Grant, There will be a round for a so-called Housing UDAG this spring.



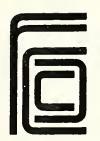
PARCEL 6 DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

Total Gross Square Footage Theatre Residential Office Parking Other (please specify) 20,627 65,240 65,240 29,869 29,869 3,066	122,593
Total Net Square Footage Theatre Residential Office (theatre) Other (please specify) 16.915 49.500 3.416 2.912	72,743
Total FAR Gross Square Footage	92.683
Site Area (land square feet)	26,650
FAR "	3.47
Number of Tenant Parking Spaces (415 GSF/space)	72
Number of Public Parking Spaces (GSF/space)	









fenway community development corporation

p. o. box 127 astor station boston, ma. O2123 (617) 267-4637

February 16, 1988

Mr. Stephen Coyle Director Boston Redevelopment Authority City Hall One City Hall Square Boston, MA 02201

Dear Mr. Coyle:

I am writing to express the interest of the Fenway CDC in developing Parcel 6 with the Boston Shakespeare Company. We are a neighborhood-based non-profit housing developer with an elected board of directors and a fifteen year history of successful advocacy and development of affordable housing. To date we have completed 163 units of housing and will shortly start construction on 107 additional apartments. Of this total, 73% have been affordable (low and moderate income) housing units.

The architect for the project is Goody, Clancy and Associates, Inc., who have a distinguished record both for good design and for working with local community-based developers to product affordable housing which responds to the characteristics of its environs. Legal matters will be handled by Vincent McCarthy of Hale and Dorr, a lawyer distinguished for his assistance to a wide variety of community causes. Alfred W. Siegrist is the Fenway CDC's accountant and is also a specialist in yield analysis of real estate syndication.

The FCDC is proposing to go beyond the requirements of the RFP by including affordable housing units as part of this proposal. We strongly believe that the history of the Urban Renewal Project and the fact that Parcel 6 is the last piece of developable land in that project should point the Authority in the direction of giving the most serious consideration to any proposal which includes affordable homeownership housing. We are an organization that was founded in the vortex of the Urban Renewal struggles of the 1970s, at a time when all the Fenway parcels were disposed of to private developers, and managed to evolve into one of the more effective developers of affordable housing in the city. We believe that the Fenway CDC has both a legitimate right and the capacity to carry out a responsible, sensitive and



Mr. Stephen Coyle February 16, 1988 Page 2

exciting development on Parcel 6. We are also convinced that current market conditions are such that the kind of proposal we are submitting is no less viable than one that would build the theatre through internal subsidization from market-rate condominiums alone.

We believe our proposal is uniquely responsive in terms of aesthetics, amenities and feasibility to the need to provide a home for the Boston Shakespeare Company, to be a good neighbor to the adjacent area, and to the pressing demand for affordable housing in the Fenway and in the city of Boston as a whole.

Very truly yours,

Mathew Thall

Executive Director



DEVELOPMENT TEAM

Following is a brief summary of the relevant qualifications of the members of the development team.

- Developer: Fenway Community Development Corp. Founded in 1973 by neighborhood activists concerned about issues of displacement through Urban Renewal and institutional expansion; the Fenway CDC has served in the role of development advocate, development consultant, co-developer and sole developer in connection with over 400 units of completed housing, and with an additional 107 units scheduled to start construction in early 1988. The FCDC has developed a range of housing: rental and cooperative, moderate rehabilitation, substantial rehabilitation, adaptive re-use and new construction. It has undertaken projects that have entailed very complex financing with multiple sources of debt and equity. the Fenway CDC's stability as an organization was recognized last year when it became one of five recipients of a multi-year operating support commitment from a collaborative of the United Way, LISC, Ford Foundation and several Boston-based foundations.
- Architects: Goody, Clancy And Associates, Inc. is a highly regarded design firm that has been associated with many significant Boston buildings. They have very strong experience in the development of community-sponsored affordable housing, with major projects including Tent City, Heritage on the Common (Lawrence) and the Four Corners CDC SENHI project. Good design and an understanding of the complexity of this type of development make Goody, Clancy an ideal member of this team.
- Attorney: Vincent McCarthy is a partner in the firm of Hale and Dorr. He has represented many real estate developers on complex undertakings. He has also served as an advisor to both the Mayor and the Governor on issues of housing and homelessness.

Material about the above memers of the team is attached.



THE FENWAY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Investing in the Future of the Fenway

- WHAT?
- The Fenway Community Development Corporation(FCDC) is a neighborhood-based organization concerned with the preservation and improvement of the Fenway. The FCDC's activities promote quality, affordable housing, commercial development, good public services and employment opportunities for local residents and a healthy economy.
- WHY?
- Investments in housing rehabilitation, new housing, commercial property, parks, and playgrounds are essential to improving the Fenway for the benefit of all residents. By directing development activities the FCDC can assure that investment in the Fenway's future will improve the quality of life in the neighborhood and will attract a socially and economically diverse residential and business community.
- WHERE?
- The main target areas of the organization are the residential neighborhoods of the East and West Fens, though the FCDC serves the area extending from the Prudential Center to the Harvard Medical School and hospital complex. This includes the commercial/industrial district behind Kenmore Square, the Mission Hill Extension public housing development and the Audubon Circle Area.
- WHO?
- There is a large elderly and student population in the Fenway with many working singles and couples. Local residents are mainly low-income and the community is racially integrated. Thirty percent of the population is Black and Hispanic and the number of Asian residents grows each year. The FCDC is committed to maintaining the Fenway as a safe and thriving community for residents of all racial, ethnic, culturual and economic backgrounds.
- WHEN?
- The FCDC was formed in 1973 in response to neighborhood concern over the fate of the area under the Urban Renewal Plan. In June of 1982, the Fenway CDC merged with the West Fens Community Development Corporation to build upon past cooperation and join forces to combat depleting resources for community-based development. Since that time the FCDC has planned and implemented numerous development projects which have accomplished much for the neighborhood.
- HOW?
- The FCDC has been able to address the special needs of this community by taking investment decisions upon itself, rather than leave such responsibilities to private developers. The FCDC negotiates financing and hires architects, lawyers, and other specialists to carry out neighborhood redevelopment and revitilization.



HOUSING

The preservation of affordable housing is one of the major concerns of the FCDC. Over the past twenty years substantial amounts of low cost housing have been lost to the neighborhood. Institutional expansion, Urban Renewal and arson for the profit have been major factors in the displacement of lower income people from the area. The large student population in the area has contributed to rent escalation and deferred maintenance in many of the apartment buildings. Much of the housing is owned by absentee landlords who have acquired properties for speculation. Condominium conversion has recently become another major factor in the displacement of community residents. The completion of Copley Place has also had a significant disruptive impact on the housing market.

FCDC Housing Developments

*15-25 Hemenway Street: The FCDC was organized in 1973 in response to an immediate housing crisis in the East Fens. The Mass. Historical Society was prepared to demolish six bowfront buildings it owned on Hemenway Street. The FCDC initially exerted legal pressure on the Historical Society and with the assistance of city officials entered into negotiations to save the buildings. The FCDC persuaded the Historical Society to rehabilitate the buildings for low-and moderate income individuals and families. Although the FCDC did not assume an ownership role in the property it undertook most of the responsibilities of a developer. It retained architects and contractors to perform the work and participated in the selection of the managing agent.

Local residents were hired and trained in construction jobs, and the FCDC set up a unique tenant management program and wrote the management/owner and management/tenant agreements. Today this housing is among the most affordable in the Fenway. Residents continue to exercise substantial decision-making regarding tenant selection, operating budgets and rents.

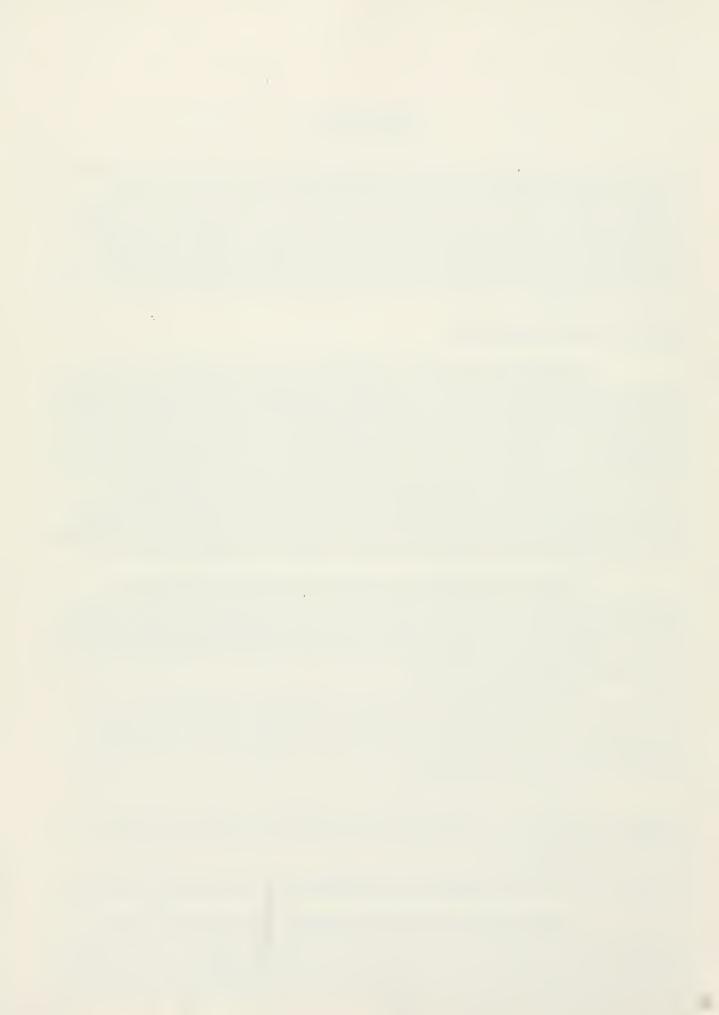
*Peterborough Housing: In 1974, thirteen deteriorated buildings were purchased by a group of investors from the estate of one of Boston's most notorious slumlords. The new owners intended to renovate the buildings into luxury rental units. Under the auspices of the newly formed Fenway Area Tenants Union, residents of the buildings went on a long rent strike. A committed core of tenants withstood harassment by the new landlord and demanded that low-income subsidies be obtained for the rehabilitation of the buildings. Eventually the properties were sold to a private Section 8 developer.

FATU was reorganized as the Fenway Tenants Development Corporation, later named the West Fens CDC. The new organization negotiated with the developer, the city, and HUD to insure that 100% of the units received Section 8 subsidies. In 1978, 220 modern low-income units were completed on Peterborough Street, due in large part to the efforts of the West Fens community organization. In 1982, the West Fens CDC became a part of the FCDC through a merger of the two organizations.

*Westland Avenue Apartments: Between 1979 and 1982 the FCDC worked intensively on the development of 97 units of low-, moderate-, and middle-income housing in ten buildings on Westland Avenue. The properties had been devastated by an arson-for -profit conspiracy a few years earlier.

Originally planned as a smaller project to be undertaken by the FCDC alone, five private developers eventually became involved in the joint venture by purchasing the burned-out properties.

The development was unique in many respects. A passive solar building was included in the project, financed in part with grants the FCDC had been awarded in a national HUD competition. The overall financing of the development included a \$2 million Urban Development Action Grant and the return of 15% of the developers fee to a moderate rent subsidy pool. The project was a model of creative financing for mixed-income housing which has served a standard for many developments throughout the nation.



Fensgate Cooperative - HMFH and Notter, Finegold, Architects
* Fenway Little City Hall: In late 1983 the City of Boston designated the
FCDC and two private developers to rehabilitate the former Fenway Little City Hall as a
mixed-income, limited equity cooperative.

The historic building, constructed as a private mansion in 1904, was subsequently used as a high school and city offices. The building was declared surplus by the city in 1982.

Prior to its designation as a developer, the FCDC had undertaken a comprehensive study to assess community desires and development options for the property. The results of this study had a major impact on the city's development guidelines for the building.

The new cooperative, scheduled for completion in the Fall of 1986, will consist of 46 units of housing for individuals and both large and small families. The complex financing will enable residents to obtain homeownership at prices far below the current market rate in Boston. Winner of 1987 Massachusetts Historic Commission preservation award.

*71 Westland Avenue: In July 1984 a wholly-owned subsidiary of the FCDC acquired 71 Westland Avenue for the renovation of 20 low-income housing units under the Boston Housing Partnership, a consortium of private, public and community-based organizations arranging financing for the rehabilitation of over 700 units of vacant property throughout Boston.

The FCDC has renovated a property which was seriously deteriorated and had suffered from years of deferred and makeshift maintenance. Not only have building systems and apartment design been improved, but the building will also be removed from the speculative real estate market for at least twenty years.

Renovation of this building was completed in 1986. All original tenants were given renovated and subsidized apartments.

*West Fenway Apartments: 52 unit development of low-income rental housing for the elderly and families with disabled members. Located at the corner of Peterborough and Kilmarnock Street, this development is the first new construction that the CDC has been involved with, and is the first community controlled housing in the West Fens. Construction is scheduled to start in the Spring of 1988. Bruner/Cott & Associates, Inc., architects

*Kilmarnock Street Housing: Immediately adjacent to the West Fens
Apartments, this project is new construction of mixed income rental housing. One, two,
and three bedroom apartments. Roof deck. Community meeting room. 40%
low-income; 16% moderate income; 15% midde income; 29% market rate.
Bruner/Cott, architects Construction is scheduled to start in the of 198 8.

Spring

COMMERICIAL DEVELOPMENT

Commercial development is another problem that affects certain areas of the community. In the West Fens, for example, small businesses have had a difficult time establishing themselves and surviving.

Small businesses on the major streets of Massachusetts Ave., Huntington Ave, and Westland Ave. face potential displacement as these areas are upgraded by Commercial Area Revitilization District projects and institutional acquisition of commercial property.

The FCDC takes an active role in promoting public and private investment in the local commercial districts to the benefit of the area. In 1986, the FCDC commissioned a retail market study of the West Fens to determine what were specific problems and opportunities for fostering retail development in the West Fens. The study was designed to identify the extent of this problem, in the hopes of eventually providing quality affordabfle retail space within FCDC sponsored developments in the West Fens.



PARKS/PLAYGROUNDS AND COMMUNITY PRESERVATION

Recognizing the urgent need for safe recreation areas for local youth, the FCDC has joined forces with the City of Boston and other local neighborhood organizations to preserve community parks and playgrounds. The FCDC has also taken a strong interest in and been involved with community preservation.

*Edgerly Road Playground: In 1984 the FCDC entered into a contract with the city to rebuild a playground at the corner of Edgerly Road and Haviland Street. The playground was originally built by community volunteers with the assistance of architecture students in the early

1970's, but had fallen into disrepair and had been vandalized.

The FCDC raised over \$60,000 from public agencies, foundations, corporation, local property owners, and ares residents to provide for modern playground equipment, rebuild the basketball court, plant trees and shrubs and fence the area. Under an agreement with city agencies, the FCDC will maintain the playground for at least three years.

*Fenway-Boylston Historic District: In connection with FCDC's work on the Fenway Little City Hall re-use plan, the FCDC retained a consultant during the summer of 1983 to document the history of buildings along Boylston Street and The Fenway. At the conclusion of the research the FCDC conducted a tour of the first historic district in the Fenway to be nominated to the National Register of Historic Places. The Fenway-Boylston Street district was placed on the National Register in September of 1984.

ADVOCACY

Housing: The FCDC realizes that it cannot control enough residential property in the Fenway to safeguard low- and moderate-income housing in the neighborhood. Public policies such as rent-control and controls on condominium conversion and eviction are required to insure that housing remains available to long-term residents. The FCDC has urged community residents and its members to support such policies through innovative means. In late 1982 over \$800 was raised from individual sponsors to place advertisments in three neighborhood newspapers urging readers to contact Boston City Councillors to renew rent and condominium conversion control.

Citizen: The FCDC sees community participation as the key element in the process of improving the Fenway. The corporation has been involved in:

* Organizing and conducting voter registration drives which have resulted in the registration of several thousand voters in the area.

* Testifying on housing and related issues before state and local legislative bodies.

* Taking positions on liquor and entertainment licenses which affect the

neighborhood.

* Fenway Park Expansion Agreements: Monitoring compliance by Boston Red Sox managment of agreements made in 1981 regarding control of traffic, litter, crowds, and vandalism.



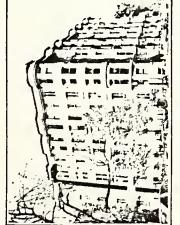


FENWAY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION



WHO WE ARE

works to preserve and improve the Fenway. From our founding in 1973 we have had a Corporation (FCDC) is a locally controlled, The Fenway Community Development nonprofit development organization that



The Fensgate Cooperative

thriving neighborhood for residents of every single goal: the maintenance of a safe and racial, ethnic and economic background.

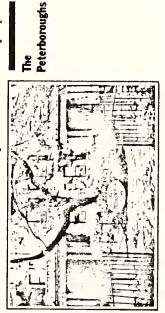
conversion or cost-driven rent escalation that can push the price of living in our neighbortion Project is designed to build the pool of reasonably priced housing in the Fenway. It Our Affordable Housing Acquisihood beyond the reach of most residents. provides an alternative to condominium

tors, and hire the management company. We To do this, we first negotiate financing given property. Then we obtain the permits, engage the architects, supervise the contracfor the purchase and redevelopment of a become, in short, the developer.

erm residents, our first concern is the needs We have chosen this approach for an important reason. As neighbors and longesponsibility over to a private developer of the community. Rather than turning

WHAT WE DO

units under development. Some of the propother funding mechanisms, both public and private, the FCDC has helped renew or add 3y combining grants, loans, tax laws and housing. We currently have another 107 over 400 units to the Fenway's stock of



cooperatives, controlled by their resident erties we've worked with are operated as rental housing, others are limited-equity owners.

Our housing successes include:

15-25 Hemenway Street

Development advisor and manager on rehab of 24 units of moderate-income, tenant-managed housing.

• The Peterboroughs

Development advisor on rehab of 220 units of Section 8 housing.

including an award-winning solar building. ture with private developers of 97 substan-Sponsor and limited partner in joint ventially rehabbed mixed-income units, Westland Avenue Apartments

Sole general partner in substantial rehab of 20 units, 16 of them low-income. 71 Westland Avenue

46-unit, mixed-income, limited-equity General partner in development of • rensgate Cooperative cooperative.

the job ourselves. The result is development

without displacement—and a record of

success any developer would envy.

untamiliar with those needs, we undertake

ton Community Development, of 52 units Sponsor and developer, with Greater Bosof low-income elderly and handicapped housing (under development). West Fenway Apartments

Developer, with Greater Boston Community Development, of 55 units of mixedincome rental housing (West Fenway Kilmarnock Street Housing Apartments, phase II).

VALUE—AND VALUES

housing-enable us to offer you a fair price grants, linkage money, and private funding that encourage the creation of low-income sources-along with federal tax provisions Our access to community development

71 Westland

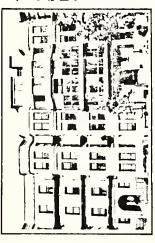
Avenue (left)

building of

Westland

Avenue

and solar



with us you have the satisfaction of working with a reputable developer who will guaranprice entitles you to special benefits under the new tax code. Finally, when you deal tee affordability for long-term residents. building to the FCDC at a below-market or your property. Further, selling your

here. But what does the future hold? Contin-You have already shown your concern long-term residents. Conversions may also ued condo conversions will displace many for the Fenway by investing in property



lead to deterioration of the neighborhood as a result of the poor maintenance that often follows the arrival of speculative investors. If you are thinking about selling your property, you can help prevent deterioration and strengthen the neighborhood by selling to the FCDC.

HOW YOU CAN BENEFIT

When the time comes to consider the sale of your residential property in the Fenway, come to us first. The Fenway Community Development Corporation can offer you:

A fair return on your investment.



15-25 Hemenway Street

- The satisfaction of contributing to your community by helping provide affordable housing for the long term.
- An assurance that your property will not become the pawn of irresponsible condo convertors, or be neglected by careless investors.
- A guarantee that your long-term tenants will not be displaced—along with the peace of mind that comes with selling to a reliable and reputable developer.

Interested? Please call us at 267-4637 for more information, write:

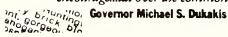
Fenway Community Development Corporation P.O. Box 127 Astor Station Boston, MA 02123

WHAT OUR FRIENDS SAY

The Fenway CDC is a good organization with good leadership. It has taken on difficult projects and has performed very well."

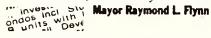
Oueensberry William Edgerty, Chairman State Street Bank & Trust Company

> On the FCDC's Kilmarnock Street Housing: "...exactly the kind of thing we hope to encourage...all over the commonwealth."



On the FCDC's rehabilitation of 71 Westland Avenue:

I want to tell you how impressed I am that `the Fenway Community Development Corporation was able to meet all target dates as well as financial constraints in creating affordable, community-owned bousing."



"Fenway Community Development Corporation is a responsible developer who carries through on its commitments."



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"The FCDC's dedication, perseverance and overall ability are evident in the way they carry out their development work."



CK BAY 11 BH. Charles Clarke, Senior Vice President

Fenway Community Development Corporation P.O. Box 127 * Astor Station * Boston, MA 02123 Telephone: 267-4637



Invest in the future of the Fernway

Join the

renway Communi

Jevelopment

Corporation

WHO WE ARE

The Fenway Community Development Corporation (FCDC) is a community-controlled, nonprofit development organization dedicated to the preservation and improvement of the Fenway. The FCDC's activities promote quality, affordable housing; good public services; employment opportunities and a healthy economy for the benefit of both residents and merchants. The FCDC is committed to maintaining the Fenway as a safe and thriving community for residents of all racial, ethnic, cultural and economic backgrounds.

WE INVEST IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD'S FUTURE Investments in housing rehabilitation, new housing, commercial property, parks and playgrounds are essential to improving the Fenway for the benefit of all residents. The FCDC sees community participation as the key element in this

architects, lawyers and contractors to carry out neighborhood revitalization. uture will improve the quality of life are unfamiliar with the special needs and economically diverse residential decisions to private developers who are mainly interested in profits and sivities itself, the FCDC can assure By directing these development acfor residents and attract a socially Rather than leave investment hat investment in the Fenway's negotiates financing and hires of the community, the FCDC and business community. process.

WE'VE DONE A LOT FOR THE FENWAY

The FCDC, incorporated in 1973, has accomplished much for the neighborhood. Some of the major achievements:

- Successfully lobbying for the rehabilitation of six Hemenway Street buildings owned by the Massachusetts Historical Society. Fenway residents were hired and trained for the construction of the project.
 - Co-sponsoring a \$7.5-million project to create 97 units of primarily low-and moderate income housing through the



renovation of arson-damaged and abandoned properties on Westland Avenue.

- Organizing and conducting voter registration drives which have resulted in the registration of several thousand voters in the Fenway.
- Taking positions on liquor and entertainment licenses that affect the neighborhood.
- Preventing the conversion of 13 buildings on Peterborough Street into luxury housing, and assisting in obtaining subsidies for their rehabilitation into 220 low-income apartments.
 - Testifying on housing and related issues before state and local legislative bodies.
- Obtaining a federal grant through a national competition for a solar heating demonstration project on Westland Avenue.
- Redesigning and reconstructing the Edgerly Road Playground.
 - Converting the former Fenway Little City Hall into a 46-unit, mixed-income housing cooperative.
- Acquiring a deteriorated building for rehabilitation of 20 units of low-income housing under the Boston Housing Partnership.
- Obtaining control of a deteriorated lot in the West Fens on which 52 units of housing for low-income families, elderly and handicapped households, and 30 affordable homeownership apartments will be built.

WE WORK BEST WHEN YOU WORK WITH US

The success of a community development corporation depends on the active participation of local citizens.

Membership in the FCDC is open to residents of the Fenway, Audubon Circle and Mission Hill Extension Development. The FCDC is governed by a board elected by the corporation's general membership at the Annual Meeting. Community meetings are held on a regular basis, and the FCDC publishes a quarterly newsletter.

All members are encouraged to become involved in issues and projects in their area of interest or expertise; current FCDC concerns and projects include: housing development, public safety, political action and education, energy conservation, fundraising, parks and playgrounds.

You can help shape the future of the Fenway by becoming a member. Simply fill out the attached application form and mail it to the FCDC with your annual dues.

OUR EFFORTS ARE STRONGER THROUGH COLLABORATION

The Fenway CDC actively supports groups at every level — city, state and national — that address issues of concern to the neighborhood. Our affiliations include:

- The Massachusetts Association of CDCs
- The Cooperative Housing Task Force
- The Massachusetts Tenants
 - Organization

 The Boston Affordable

Housing Coalition The Neighborhood Committee on Fenway Park Expansion

AN EXTRA BENEFIT WITH MEMBERSHIP

As an organizational member of the Massachusetts Tenants Organization, the FCDC can offer you a discount on dues for individual membership in the MTO and reduced rates for the MTO's Group Legal Services Plan. If you are interested in either of these options, check the appropriate blanks on the application

The Fenway Community Development Corporation— investing in the future of the Fenway.



GOODY, CLANCY & ASSOCIATES, INC., ARCHITECTS 334 BOYLSTON STREET BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS 02116 (617) 262-2760





John M. Clancy, FAIA Principal

John Clancy has made outstanding contributions to the architectural profession, not only through the excellence in design and construction of the projects for which he has been responsible, but also through the equally creative contribution that he has provided through his professional and community leadership.

Representative of the unique and complex architectural projects he has been responsible for is a multi-use 870,000 square foot State Transportation Office Building in the heart of Boston's theater district; a new subway station for the MBTA in a congested area of Somerville, Massachusetts; and the Administration Building complex for the University of Massachusetts, Boston Harbor campus.

Mr. Clancy's creativity in design has resulted in GC&A receiving many awards for excellence in design, including a recent Boston Society of Architects' award for design excellence for a mixed

income, 240 unit community in No. Andover, Massachusetts.

As a Director, Vice President and President of the Boston Society of Architects, Mr. Clancy has provided a most creative leadership on such issues as the Affiliate Membership Program and a new Urban Design Awards Program. His Chairmanship of the Brookline Redevelopment Authority made certain that this community maintained the highest standard of design during a period of great pressure for development.

Mr. Clancy holds a Bachelor of Arts from the University of California at Berkeley, and a Bachelor of Architecture from Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He is a panelist for the American Arbitration Association and has represented the architectural profession on a variety of local, regional and state panels and commissions dealing with design and building





Joan E. Goody, AIA Principal

Joan Goody has received national recognition for a wide range of projects — from the planning and development of residential communities to the restoration and reuse of historic buildings. Her sensitivity to the integration of large, new structures into the context of an existing urban fabric, has been of particular importance in the design of GC&A's major urban projects, as well as rehabilitation of others like the nearly 1,000 unit West Broadway Housing in Boston.

Mrs. Goody has combined a career of teaching with her active architectural practice. She has taught Architectural Design Studio, as Assistant Professor and Visiting Design Critic, at the Graduate School of Design. Harvard University. She holds a Master of Architecture from the GSD, and a Bachelor of Arts from Cornell University.

Her public service activities have included membership on the Boston Architectural Center Board of Directors and the Boston Landmarks Commission. She has been a guest lecturer, and a member of various award juries (including chairperson of the 1982 AIA National Honor Awards). Mrs. Goody has also served as grant panelist for the Design Arts Program of the National Endowment for the Arts.

Recent projects under Mrs. Goody's guidance which have received national, local and regional awards for excellence in design include Heaton Court, winner of a National AIA Honor Award, and Heritage Gardens, cited for several Boston Society of Architects' awards for excellence in housing and neighborhood facilities.



Harbor Point Boston, Massachusetts

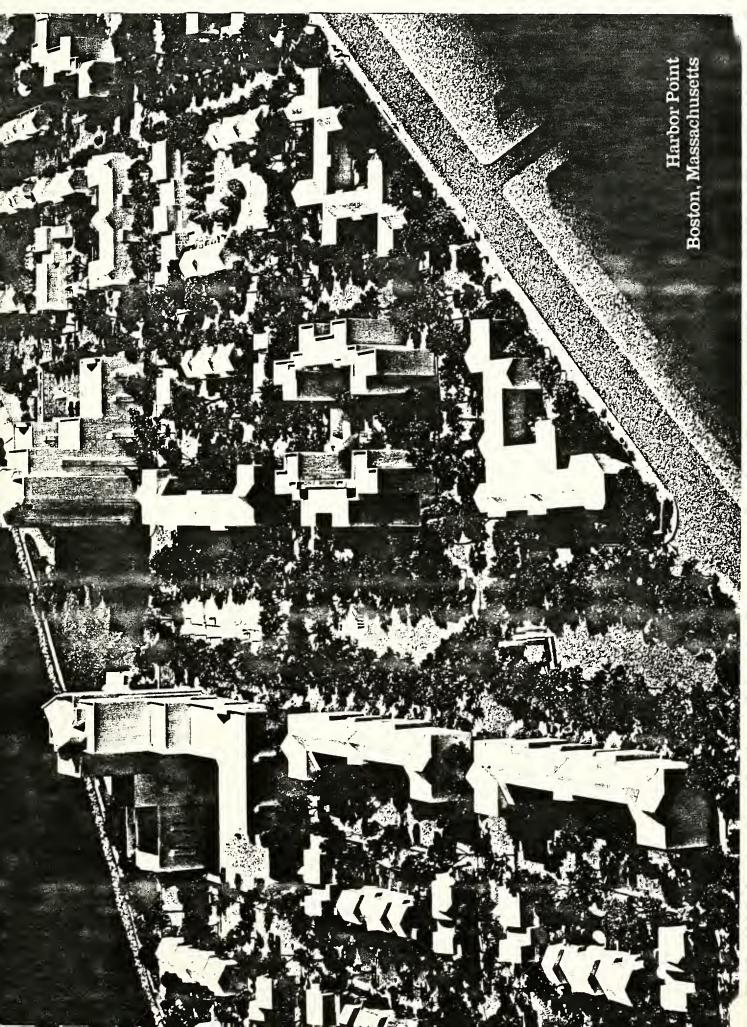
A new, mixed-income community for 1,280 families is being developed on the 50 acre site of Columbia Point, a public housing project. It combines radically renovated three and seven story existing buildings with all new townhouses and midrises in a dramatic new street pattern.

Only one-fourth of the buildings in the existing project are now occupied, and all are in need of revitalization and rehabilitation. After extensive studies of existing conditions (apartment types, building uses, utilities, and circulation) a plan was developed to remove buildings, renovate and add to others, and build new structures

where necessary. The proposed project consists of an integrated development of mixed income units, with a variety of building and unit types.

Key to the revitalization is the new site plan which takes advantage of the spectacular 50 acre waterfront site by opening views of the harbor and providing recreational activities and parks linked to it. This amenity will attract a variety of age and income groups, as will the diversity of apartment types: small units in midrise buildings for elderly and childless households, and townhouses with private yards and decks for large families.







Tent City Boston, Massachusetts

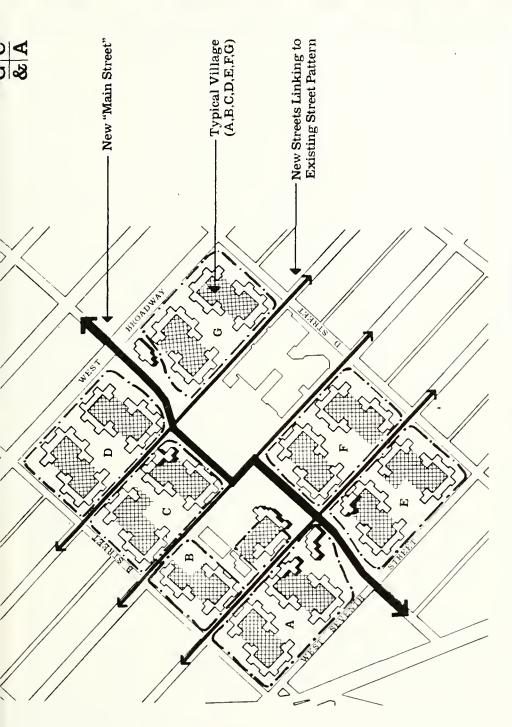
The Tent City development consists of 270 units of subsidized and market value housing coupled with commercial and retail space on a 3.5 acre site. Conceived as a series of four story townhouses, the buildings are massed and detailed to be compatible with their historic neighbors in the South End area of Boston. The units are one to four bedrooms in size, with half

A portion of the project rises to ten stories in height to meet the nearby Copley Place retail, office and housing development across the street. Parking will be provided for both the residents of Tent City and the shoppers and office workers from Copley Place in two levels of underground parking with space for 698 cars.



Tent City Boston, Massachusetts





West Broadway The Comprehensive La Renewal Program alr Boston, Massachusetts

The West Broadway Comprehensive Renewal Program is a plan by GC&A in joint venture with Lane, Frenchman & Associates to revitalize almost 700 units of public housing in South Boston. This plan, lauded by the American Planning Association as a "workable plan for improving the quality of public housing," received one regional and two national awards for outstanding planning and design.

Originally constructed in 1948 to house war veterans and their families, the West Broadway project consisted of 27 identical three-story, walk-up buildings arranged on a 28 acre superblock. The aim of the renewal program was to make the proj-

ect liveable and secure and to ensure that all tenants remained on the site throughout the renewal effort.

A new "Main Street" became the focus of the development and now links expanded community facilities, management offices and village centers. By reinforcing the identity of the seven separate "villages" the monolithic scale of the site was eliminated, creating small sub-neighborhoods where residents know one another. Selective demolition of sections of existing buildings changed the scale and appearance of the project, eliminating its repetitive, institutional character.

45.



West Broadway
Comprehensive
Renewal Program
Boston, Massachusetts



99 Summer Street Boston, Massachusetts

Located on an irregularly-shaped site with frontage on three streets in downtown Boston. 99 Summer Street is a new 20-story office structure which fits in sensitively with adjacent historic buildings. Its immediate neighbors are a collection of late nineteenth century, five-story structures of some architectural significance. The new building respects the cornice line created by these older buildings with a series of stepped set-backs and a pedimented entry portico on Summer Street. This entry leads to the elevator lobby of the new office tower through a skylit arcade which captures the character of its European antecedents. On one side are a series

of arched niches, clad in polished marble; on the other are stepped planters and cafe terraces leading up to mezzanine level shops.

The 260,000 square foot building sits above two levels of below grade parking and incorporates the latest in telecommunications systems. The granite exterior cladding and varied fenestration pattern of the tower relate to the color and proportions of the neighboring, lower buildings from which it rises. The building terminates in pedimented dormers, echoing the characteristic motif of the entry.







Transportation Office Building Park Plaza Boston, Massachusetts

This 870,000 sq. ft. mixed-use State office building houses the diverse agencies that control the transportation network throughout the Commonwealth, including the DPW, the MBTA, the Mass Turnpike Authority, Massport, and the Central Transportation Planning Staff; all under the aegis of the Executive Office of Transportation.

Located in Boston's downtown area, near the historic Boston Common and Public Garden, the building was designed with sensitivity toward existing buildings of quality in the neighborhood. The irregular site was shaped to preserve many older structures, and the design related to their scale.

Special legislation was passed to allow commercial uses on the street level — instead of the somber "nine-to-five" facade usually associated with a government building. A retail arcade with shops and restaurants provides liveliness both day and evening in this area that includes Boston's theatre district.

To further integrate the building with the neighborhood by reinforcing local street patterns, a

now dead ended theater street will extend through the building to link with the rest of the district, while a diagonal path connects to nearby hotels. A multi-story atrium marks the intersection of these paths, overlooked by the agencies public offices and common facilities, creating a meeting place for workers, shoppers and theatregoers.

Energy conservation has figured strongly in the design. A 34 million gallon water storage tank in the lower level serves as a heat sink — allowing the building to recapture all its waste heat from lights, people, and machinery — so that no steam will have to be bought or generated. Four thousand square feet of solar collectors provide 82% of the domestic hot water needs of the entire building.

Also included in the unique government office building are a conference center, a 330-car underground parking facility, a 12,000 sq. ft. library, cafeteria, health maintenance and physical fitness area







VINCENT P. MC CARTHY

Vin McCarthy joined Hale and Dorr in 1965 and has concentrated on real estate law, principally real estate development. He has been a Senior Partner since 1976.

Mr. McCarthy graduated from Boston College magna cum laude in 1962, where he was a Knight Commander of the Order of the Cross and Crown, one of the highest academic and community honors to be conferred by the College. He was also a member of Alpha Sigma Nu, the national Jesuit college honorary society. He received his LL.B. degree from Harvard Law School in 1965.

During his career at Hale and Dorr, Mr. McCarthy has concentrated on real estate development counseling and complex development transactions, with particular reference to real estate development projects having a significant public component. Mr. McCarthy has been a leader in the Firm's representation of clients in public-private partnership matters including industrial development bond financing, municipal conveyances and acquisitions.

Mr. McCarthy has served as principal counsel on major transactions for such clients as Campanelli Realty Trust, Springfield Institution for Savings, T. McCarthy Co., Dimeo Construction Company, Orangewood Development Company, Leggat McCall Companies, New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, Gerald D. Hines Interests and Robert Tambone. Within Hale and Dorr, he serves on the Syndication, Health Law, Environmental and Banking and Financial Law Committees, and is former Vice Chairman of the Bond Committee and former Chairman of the Public Service Committee.

Mr. McCarthy has served on the Board of Directors of the Pine Street Inn, Boston's major shelter for the homeless, since 1971. He is also co-founder and, since 1969, has been a member of the Board of Directors of the Robert F. Kennedy Action Corps, a major, non-profit child welfare organization. He is a Trustee of Franklin Square House and Charlesbank Apartments, Inc., two of the major non-profit housing providers in the City of Boston.

In 1985, Mr. McCarthy was appointed by Governor Dukakis to the Board of Directors of the Massachusetts Housing Partnership. He was appointed to the Governor's Advisory Council on Alcoholism in 1984 and has chaired the Long Term Housing Needs Task Force of



the Governor's Advisory Committee on the Homeless since 1983. He is a member of the Fund for the Boston Neighborhoods, appointed by Mayor Flynn in 1984. He was Chairman of the Professional Division of the Greater Boston United Way in 1984, and is currently Treasurer of the Boston Democratic City Committee.

Mr. McCarthy's professional activities include membership in the American Bar Association and the Real Property Section of the Boston Bar Association. He has recently served as a member of the Governor's/Massachusetts Bar Association Committee on the Alcoholic Client, and was co-chair of its Civil Issues Subcommittee. At the request of the President of the Massachusetts Bar Association, he is also chairing a special task force to help attorneys work with the homeless and with non-profit corporations which provide services and transitional housing for the homeless.

Mr. McCarthy is a resident of Brighton.







PARTI

REDEVELOPER'S STATEMENT FOR PUBLIC DISCLOSURE

(Redevelopment or rehabilitation for any use by an individual or two persons as joint awners when the reuse value is under \$30,000)

ı	. a.	Name of Redeveloper:	Fenway	Community	Development	Corp./Boston	Snakespeare	Сощран
	b.	Address and ZIP Code	of Redeve		Box 127, Ast			

2. The land on which the Redeveloper proposes to enter into a contract for, or understanding with respect to, the purchase or lease of land from

Boston Redevelopment Authority

(Name of Local Public Agency)

Fenway Urban Renewal Plan - Parcel 6

(Name of Urban Renewal or Redevelopment Project Area)

in the City of Boston , State of Massachusetts is described as follows:²

3. State the reuse value \$ _3.00

REDEVELOPER AND LAND

RESIDENTIAL REDEVELOPMENT OR REHABILITATION

- I. State the Redeveloper's estimates, exclusive of payment for the land, for:

 - * Does not include theatre and retail costs; garage costs are included.
- a. If the proposed redevelopment or rehabilitation is for more than one dwelling unit, state the Redeveloper's
 estimate of the monthly rental (if to be rented) or sverage sale price (if to be sold) of the dwelling units
 involved;

TYPE AND SIZE OF DWELLING UNIT	ESTIMATED MONTHLY RENTAL S IBR 2BR	SALE PRICE S 1 BR 2BR
Low Moderate	\$750 \$885 \$550 \$650	•
Middle Market	.\$675 \ \$775	\$123,000 \$184,500

If space on this form is inadequate for any requested information, it should be furnished on an attached page which is referred a under the appropriate numbered item on the form.

my convenient means of identifying the fand (such as block and for numbers of street boundaries) is sufficient. A description wimetes and bounds or other technical description is acceptable, but not required.



- b. State the utilities and parking facilities, if any, included in the foregoing estimates of rentals:

 Water and sewer, heat and hot water provided. Electricity for Airconditioning,
 lights and cooking at residents! expense. Telephone, underground parking and
 Cable TV at residents!expense.
- c. State equipment, such as refrigerators, washing machines, air conditioners, if any, included in the foregoing estimates of sales prices: Stoves, refrigerators, air conditioners, disposals, and dishwashers provided, Common area laundries.

CERTIFICATION

1 (We) 1 tify that this Redeveloper's Statement for Public Disc belief. ²	closum is true and correct to the best of my (our) knowledge
Matter Thill	Dated: FEBRUARY 18 1988
Signature	Signature
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR	
FENWAY WE	Title
BOX 127 115TON STATION	-
Address and ZIP Code	Address and ZIP Code
BOSTON WA CILLZ	·

the Redeveloper consists of two or more persons jointly (including tenants by the entirety), this statement must be signed reach of them.

islay for Felse Certification: Section 1001, Title 18, of the U.S. Code, provides a fine of not more than \$10,000 or impristent of not more than five years, or both, for knowingly and willfully making or using any felse writing or document, knowing same to contain any false, fictitious or fraudulent statement, or entry in a matter within the jurisdiction of any Department he United States.



REDEVELOPER'S STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS AND FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

(Redevelopment or rehabilitation for any use by an individual or two persons as joint owners when the rouse value is under \$30,000)

(Fer confidential official use of the Local Public Agency and the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Do Not Transmit to HUD Unless Requested.)

- 1. a. Name of Redeveloper: Fenway Community Development Corp.
 - b. Address and ZIP Code of Redeveloper: P. O. Box 127 Astor Station Boston, MA 02123
- The land on which the Redeveloper proposes to enter into a contract for, or enderstanding with respect to, the
 purchase or lease of land from

		Boston Redeve	elopment Ai	thority		
			(Name of Local Publ	ic Agency)		
in	Fenw	ay Urban Renew	val Area	(Parcel 6)		
44	•	(Name of Urba	a Rener of Reder	relopment Project Area)		
io	the City of _ Bost	on	. State o	Massach	usetts	
4 4	a described as follows);	, , , , , ,		• .	
	Parcel 6, the		Southeast c	orner of St.	Botolph Street	and

3. If funds for the development of the land are to be obtained from sources other than the Redeveloper's own funds, a statement of the Redeveloper's plan for financing the acquisition and development of the land:

. A. variety of fiancing sources: conventional constructionfinancing;
MHFA, SHARP, Housing Creation under Boston Linkage Program; Housing Innovations Fund; equity from co-op shareholders and investor limited partners

4. Sources and amount of cash available to the Redeveloper to meet equity requirements of the proposed undertaking,
and creditors of the Redeveloper:

AMOUNT

AMOUNT OWED

	la.	baa	les .
•	414		

c.

MAME, ADDRESS AND ZIP CODE OF BANK	AMOUNT
First Mutual of Boston	\$ \$15,000.
Homeowners Federal Savings and Loan	14,300
	• •
Pu long form the se	

b. By loans from other: NAME, ADDRESS AND ZIP CODE OF SOURCE

Bond funds .

DESCRIPTION .	MARK	ET VALUE	MORTGAGE	S OR LIENS
LISC, 60 State St By sale of readily salable a	sets:		up t	0 \$250,000
131 State Street				\$250,000 \$250,000
Community Develop	ment Finance Corp	١.	3 .	

d. List of canditors to whom \$100 or more

is owed	
Fenway Community Trust	5 15,000
Symphony Tenants Organizing Project	2,150
Alfred W. Seigrist, CPA	10,000

\$16,000



lesses and ZIP Codes of bank refer	ences.			
First Mutual of Bosto	n,133 Mass. Av	e., Boston, M	IA 02115	:
Homeowners Federal Sa in name of Westla developer been adjudged bankrupt, o	nd Ave. Assoc.	, titled (FCD	C Syndicatio	02108 (acct. is on Proceeds escrow
e date, place, and under what name.		T YES	x NO	·
ny member of the governing body of gmade or any officer or employee of ea in connection with the carrying o al is being made available, have any lopment or rehabilitation of the proposition.	the Local Public Ages ut of the project under direct or indirect pers	ncy, who exercises a which the land cover onal interest in the	iny functions 63 res	pon- oper's he
explain.	• .			· .
of the property upon the basis of sue explain.	ch proposal?	•	₩YES X	NO
is Redeveloper's Statement of Queli r's qualifications and financial resp (our) knowledge and belief. ² Mathew Thall	onsibility, including fi		are true and correc	
latter 4 1				•
Signature		Signature		
Executive Director				
Fenway CDC P. O. Box 127, Bostor	MA 02123	Title ·		
Address and AIP Code	1, 114 02123	Address and ZIP C	ode .	
	•	•		·

eloper consists of two or more persons jointly (including tenants by the entirety), this statement must be nigned by

False Certification: Section 1001, Title 18, of the U.S. Code, provides a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisof the five years, or both, for knowingly and willfully making or using soy false writing or document, knowing contain any false, fictitious or fraudulent statement, or entry in a matter within the jurisdiction of any Department i States.

HUD-6004A (4-68)



DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Any	person	subm	itting	а	developme	nt p	roposal	to	the	Boston	Re	develo	pm	ent
Auth	ority m	ust t	ruthful	ly	complete	this	stateme	ent	and	submit	it	prior	to	being
form	ally des	ignat	ed for	ar	y project							•		

	of the principals employed by the City of Boston? If so, in city. (Please include name of agency or department and posi-in that agency or department).
No	
where and rests in	of the principals previously owned any real estate? If so, what type of property? Wholly owned subsidiaries of principal real estate limited partnerships contolling mixed income 73 Hemenway St.;
	of the principals ever the owners of any property upon which
he City o	of the principals ever the owners of any property upon which of Boston foreclosed for his/her failure to pay real estate taxes ndebtedness?
	No
	of the principals ever been convicted of any arson related rrently under indictment for any such crimes?
•	No
ordinance	of the principals been convicted of violating any law, code, regarding conditions of human habitation within the last years?
(3)	NI A

ADDRESS: Fenway CDC

P. O. Box 127 Astor Station

Boston, MA 02123

*and land for future housing development at 51-65 Kilmarnock St. and 110 Peterborough St.; all of above in the City of Boston.



DISCLOSURE STATEMENT CONCERNING BENEFICIAL INTEREST REQUIRED BY SECTION 40J OF CHAPTER 7 OF THE GENERAL LAWS

Location: Parcel 6, Fenway Urba Renewal Area
Grantor or Lessor: Boston Redevelopment Authority
Grantee or Lessee: FenwayCommuity Development Corp.
i hereby state, under the penalties of perjury, that the true names and addresses of all persons who have or will have a direct or indirect beneficial interest in the above listed property are listed below in compliance with the provisions of Section 40J of Chapter 7 of the General Laws (see attached Statute).
Fenway Community Development Corp. (a ch. 180 corp.)
P. O. Box127
Astor Station
Boston, MA 02123
•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
The undersigned also acknowledges and states that none of the above listed individuals is an official elected to public office in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, nor is an employee of the State Department of Capital Planning and Operations. SIGNED under the penalties of perjury.
Signed: Multing Multin Multing Multing Multing Multing Multing Multing Multing Multing
Date: February 18, 1988





fenway community development corporation

p. o. box 127 astor station boston, ma. O2123 (617) 267-4637

February 16, 1988

Mr. Stephen Coyle Director Boston Redevelopment Authority City Hall One City Hall Square Boston, MA 02201

Dear Mr. Coyle:

The Fenway CDC intends to comply with all applicable city, state and federal policies on affirmative action in hiring and in utilization of minority and women-owned businesses. We are aware that the M/WBE requirement for this part of the city is 30%. We will also comply with the Boston Resident Jobs Policy, with Davis/Bacon wage rates, and all health and safety regulations.

We will submit an affirmative marketing plan, similar to the form used by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, detailing outreach organizations to be contacted and describing advertising methods. Goals will be established for minority occupancy, and a publicly available procedure for tenant selection will be devised by our project subcommittee.

All of the Fenway CDC's previous projects are well integrated. Our last project, the Fensgate Cooperative, has a minority occupancy of 61%.

Very truly yours,

Sandia Svant

Project Manager







Description Of Uses and Amenities

Program Summary:

Basement -	A two-level parking garage with 72 spaces and loading dock area,
First Floor -	Bottom level of two St. Botolph Street 2 Bedroom duplexes, theatre lobby, apart- ment lobbies, winter garden, small and large theatres, backstage areas, theatre offices.
Second Floor -	Upper level of duplexes, large public balcony areas overlooking winter garden, offices and rehearsal rooms.
Third Through Fifth Floors-	Condominium and co-op apartments; each floor featuring a single-loaded corridor with large porch overlooking the winter garden; access to roof deck at fifth floor. Short, double loaded corridors at north and south corners of the building.
Sixth Floor -	Pronounced setback at Southwest Corridor Park facade and St. Botolph Street. Twelve coop and condominiums. one and two bedroom apartments many with private balconies. Public outdoor porch,
Seventh Floor -	Generous set back along Massachusetts Avenue creates additional private balcony space. Large window wall in corridor with easterly skyline view. Public outdoor porch. Twelve one and two bedroom coop and condominium units.
Units Per Floor -	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Units Per Floor	- <u>Floor</u>	1 Bedroom	2 Bedrooms	Total
	1 & 2	-	2	2
	3	7	5	12
	4	8	6	14
	5	8	7	15
	6	6	6	12
	7	7	5	12
		36	31	67

Building Program

Theatres, lobbies, rehearsal rooms, dressing rooms, offices and other accessory spaces will be planned in detail with the Boston Shakespeare Company to produce an intimate, flexible and functional facility. Common areas, including theatre lobbies and the winter garden, will jointly serve the retail and theatre spaces. The public theatre-goers, and the residents will all be encouraged to make use of these amenities. A cafe/restaurant is the preferred use of the major portion of the retail space to enhance the theatre-going experience and to interest diners in theatre attendance.



The two-level underground parking garage will have both an entrance and exit off St. Botolph Street. Of the 72 spaces, 22 will be for monthly rental, and 50 will be for sale, with residents having first priority. The orange line subway stop will be contained within the building, by arrangement with the MBTA. (See letter in appendix.) Landscaping, lighting and fencing and fencing appropriate to the architecture of the area is included.

Housing is situated within the building block to take full advantage of light and views. Bay windowed living rooms are featured. The arrangement of condominium and cooperative units in adjacent, separable, but contiguous sections allows for possible future conversion of condominiums to cooperatives to increase the affordability ratio. All apartments have access to a large public deck off the fifth floor, and many apartments have outside balconies. The two elevators serve all apartments except the separate entrance duplexes, and both levels of the garage. Amenities include dishwasher, disposal, air conditioner, carpet, window shades, cable TV, and either laundry areas or hookups.

Housing Program - 67 Units

Cooperative - 34 Units

	1 Bedroom	2 Bedrooms	Total
Low-Income	8	9	17
Moderate-Income	5	4	9
Middle-Income	5	3	8
	18	16	34

Condominium - 33 Units

1 Bedroom	2 Bedrooms	Total
18	15	33

Special Local Area Benefits

1. Resident Selection

The St. Botolph Citizens' Committee shall be offered a seat on the resident selection panel for the co-op. This body will implement the tenant selection policy to be approved by the Fenway CDC board and developed in accordance with various regulatory agencies.

2. Parking

Residents of the St. Botolph neighborhood will have first choice in buying and/or renting parking spaces in the garage for any spaces not taken by building residents and excluding 6 spaces reserved for theatre use.



3. Apartment Set Aside For Boston Shakespeare Company

There will be a special set aside of apartments for employees of the Boston Shakespeare Company provided that affirmative action goals are met. Four units in the moderate to middle income range will be set aside. In addition, any Boston Shakespeare Company employees with Section 8 or 707 certificates will have priority for the low income apartments after the Fenway/St. Botolph resident goals are met, to the extent allowed by regulations.



Parcel 6 Design Statement

The program for the proposed development dictates a complex mix of uses incorporating the Boston Shakespeare Company's theater requirements with necessary support facilities, sixty-seven units of affordable and market rate housing in both condminium and cooperative format, 3,000 square feet of street level commercial frontage, and two levels of underground parking and service facilities. The proposed design integrates all of these diverse requirements, including the Massachsuetts Avenue subway entrance and its air-rights, into a single unified structure.

The Development Team's design objective is to create an integrated building which will express appropriate visual images for each of its two primary program components: The Boston Shakespeare Theater, and an important urban residential complex. Simultaneously, the design must relate to and complement the quality and character of the abutting historic residential districts, as well as the important cultural institutions in the immediate vicinity. The site is strategically located at the interface of several diverse neighborhoods and influences:

- o The St. Botolph Street Architectural Conservation District.
- o The South End Landmarks District.
- o The Fenway District.
- o Massachusetts Avenue, a broad, heavily trafficked major arterial street with increasing commercial development to the north of the site, towards the Charles River.
- o The Southwest Corridor Linear Parkway leading to the heart of the Back Bay.
- o The Huntington Avenue area related cultural institutions, including within one block of the site: Symphony hall, Horticultural Hall, the Huntington Theater, and the New England Conservatory.

The basic configuration of the design devotes the Massachusetts Avenue first and second level frontage to public-oriented theater uses, limited commercial frontage, and a street level entrance lobby to the co-operative housing above. Except for the Massachusetts Avenue/St. Botolph Street corner entrance to the theater lobbies, all levels of the St. Boltolph street



Parcel 6 Design Statement Page Two

frontage are devoted to condominium residential units. The first and second levels of the Southwest Corridor frontage house the Theater Company's administrative offices. All levels above the second level on the Massachusetts Avenue and Southwest Corridor elevations are devoted to co-operative housing units. The major theater volumes and lobby court are located internally on the site to maximize housing frontage and exposure, and to locate these lower profile volumes adjacent to the rear alley, thereby reducing the height and impact of the project on the Albemarle Street rear yards. The lobby court or Wintergarden is a delightful three-story skylit central lobby serving both theaters, and located on axis with the rear mid-block open alley focusing upon the major landmarks of the Back Bay and Downtown Boston skyline.

Building facades are designed to present an appropriately scaled building mass, set back from the streets to respect adjacent block setbacks. Masonry street walls rise typically five stories to a cornice line and then terminate in a sloped mansard configuration punctuated with two levels of dormers. The masonry cornice line rises to the sixth floor at only three locations to emphasize their importance: the two Massachusetts Avenue corners and the primary theater entrance on Massachusetts Avenue. The building's corner emphasis is designed to accentuate their importance as entrances or gateways, both to the linear parkway, and to the St. Botolph Street District, while also emphasizing the important theater entrance image from the Symphony Hall/Huntington Avenue direction.

The facade treatment expresses a strong tri-partite design: two story base, three story field, and two story articulated mansard roof. Major public entrances are accentuated by the incorporation of two story arched openings. Base material shall be predominantly cast stone. The remainderof the structure above the base is designed to articulate its residential use: appropriately scaled window openings, a strong rhythm of bay windows, and a variety of roof dormers. Masonry materials shall be predominantly brick with cast stone sills and lintels, mansard roof shall be psuedo-slate. Colors and finishes will respect the tradition of the abutting historic districts.

The total complex shall be constructed over two levels of underground parking and service facilities. Parking and service vehicular entrance and egress shall be located along the rear lot line/easement to and from St. Botolph Street.



OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

The financing of this development and numerous requirements of the federal tax code dictate a complex ownership arrangement, but one that is not entirely new. The building would be subdivided into the following condominium units:

- 33 individual residential condominiums
- 50 individual parking space condominiums
- the theatre areas including the lobbies associated with the theatre
- a single condominium consisting of the 34 residential units in the cooperative, common spaces associated with them, the commercial/retail space and the parking spaces reserved for rental

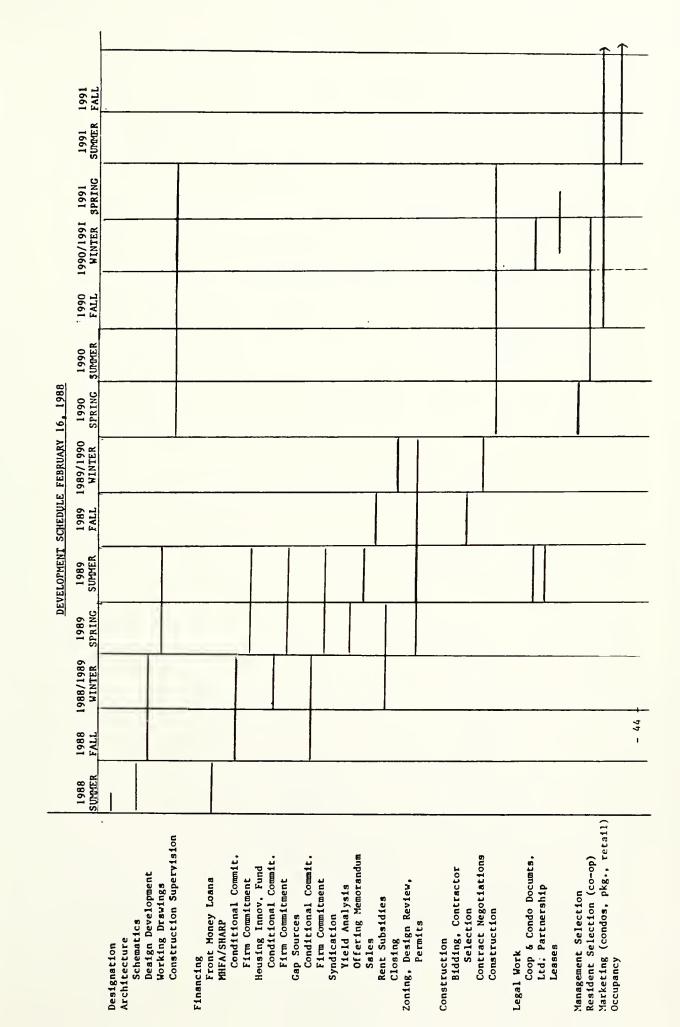
The members of the condominium association would be:

- Owners of each of the residential condominiums
- Owners of each of the parking space condominium
- A limited partnership, which would own the theatre condominium and the co-op housing condominium.

The last named entity, the limited partnership, would consist of the investor limited partners providing the "syndication" equity to the development; the Limited Equity Housing Cooperative Corporation, which would serve as Managing General Partner; Boston Shakespeare Company (or a wholly owned subsidiary) serving either as a general partner or a special limited partner; and a subsidiary of the Fenway CDC serving as an additional general partner for financial and program oversight purposes. Such a structure enhances the tax shelter equity that would be available to the project, by inclusion of the theatre, with its high depreciation base, in the limited partnership. At the same time by having the theatre established as a separate condominium, it will be easire to enable it to operate fully independently of the residential uses at the time that the limited partnership is dissolved,

Precedents for this type of arrangement involving primarily mixed income housing include the Revere School, developed by the Archdiocese of Boston and the Brick Bottom Artists housing now being developed in Somerville.











FINANCIAL OUTLINE

TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COST	\$13,906,209
Sources of Debt	
MHFA Mortgage	\$3,989,976*
Developer Note	150,000
HIF	500,000
Total Debt	\$4,639,976
Sources of Equity	
Cooperative Prices	\$ 313,000
Condominiums	4,981,500
Parking Spaces Sales	1,375,000
Investors	852,508
Total Equity	\$7,522,008
Total Equity	\$7,522,000
TOTAL SOURCES	\$12,161,984
GAP	\$1,744,225
Probable Sources of GAP financi	ng:
	Maximum Amounts
Office of Community Services (0	CS) \$500,000
Division of Capital Planning	70% of total theatre cost
Economic Development & Industri	
Commission	Undertermined amount of
	below market financing.
Urban Development Action Grant	\$15,000 per affordable unit.

^{*} Based on income from all sources, including linkage payments, SHARP subsidy, and rent subsidy programs.



PARCEL 6
Unit Mix/Equity/Income

Cooperative Unit Condominium Unit Total Units	s <u>18</u>	2 Bedrooms 16 15 31	Total 34 33 67	
Income Group Low (17)	1 Bedroom 8	2 Bedrooms	Income Totals	Equity Totals
Income Equity	\$750 \$8,500	\$885 \$10,000	\$13,965	\$158,000
Moderate (9) Income Equity	5 \$550 \$8,500	\$650 \$10,000	\$5,350	\$82,500
Middle (8) Income Equity	5 \$675 \$8,500	3 \$775 \$10,000	\$5,700	\$72,500
Market (33) Income Equity	18 0 \$123,000	15 0 \$184,500	0	\$4,981,500 \$5,294,500
TOTAL MONTHLY IN	COME		\$25,015	75,254,500
Less 2% Vac EGI/month EGI/year	ancy		500.30 \$24,514.70 \$294,176	
TOTAL EQUITY	COOPERATIVE - \$313,00	O CONDOMINIUM - \$	4,981,500	\$5,294,500

Income Mix Summary

Percent Bel Percent Percent Percent	Low Moderate	51 25.4 13.4 11.9
Income Mix	Within Co-op:	
Percent	Low	50
Percent	Moderate	26.5
Percent	Middle	23.5



Project Parcel 6
Daveloper Fenway CDC/BSC

Date 2/17/88
Tal. #/Contact Person Sandra Brant 267-4637

DEVELOPMENT PRO FORMA - TOTAL PROJECT (Estimates in 1988 Dollars)

<pre>fotal Gross Square Footage Office + theatre, courtyard Retail Other (please specify) Parking (if applicable)</pre>	24,423 3,066 65,240 29,864	-	122,593
Total Net Square Footage Office & theatre Retail Other (please specify) Residential	20,331 2,912 49,500		72,743
Acquisition	\$3.00		
Construction Costs Rehabilitation (\$/GSF) New Construction (\$89/GSF) Parking (\$17225/space) Site Improvements (\$8.44/Land SF) Other Total	9,473,250 1,242,360 225,000	•	10.940.6 13
Related Costs Architect/Engineering Marketing/Brokerage Developer Fees Miscellaneous Fees - Permits (Legal, Acctg. Ins., Title)(taxes) Construction Loan Interest * (18-20s. 69.5+% with 50 % drawdown on \$13,238,129) Financing Fees Other Related Costs Condo Carrying (please specify)	\$ 628.316 291.875 350.000 109.106 191.000 1.100.425 220.130 74.745		
Total	·		\$ 2,965,597
Contingency (of \$) Include	ed Above	·	\$
Total Development Cost			\$13,906,2 ₁ 0

^{*} Condo; portion 11.5% for 24 months Co-op, commercial, parking (at 9.5% for 18 months)



Date 2/17/88

Tel. #/Contact Person Sandra Brant 267-4637

OFFICE/RETAIL OPERATING PRO FORMA (Carry out for 10 Years and Indicate Inflation Factor) a.

COMMERCIAL INCOME Office (NSF @ \$ /NSF) \$ N/A Retail (2912 NSF @ \$ 15 /NSF) 43,690 Commercial Parking (6 spaces @ \$150 /space/month) 10,800 Terminal (NSF @ \$ /NSF) N/A	
POTENTIAL GROSS INCOME	\$ <u>54.480</u>
VACANCY (2,4 %)	(\$ <u>1,310</u>)
EFFECTIVE GROSS INCOME	\$ 53,170
OPERATING EXPENSES Office (\$ /NSF) \$ - Retail (\$1.50 /NSF) 4,368 Terminal (\$ /NSF) Commercial Parking (\$208,64epace) 4.590 Linkage TOTAL EXPENSES	(\$ <u>8,958</u>)
REAL ESTATE TAXES - paid by lessee Office (\$ /NSF) Retail (\$ /NSF) Terminal (\$ /NSF) Commercial Parking (\$ /space) TOTAL REAL ESTATE TAXES	(\$)
ANNUAL BASE RENT ('f applicable)	(\$)
NET INCOME AVAILABLE AFTER ANNUAL BASE RENT	\$ 44,212
FINANCING * Debt Service (9,5% on \$319,198 for 30 Years)	(\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
DEBT SERVICE (9,5 % on \$319,19 for 30 years; 10.1 % debt service constant)	\$_32,207
DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE (Debt Service/Net Income Available (NOI/Debt Service) After Annual Base Rent)	\$ 1.37
EQUITY PARTICIPATION (Amount and Z of Total Commercial Development Costs) (\$400,499)	93,240 (23.3%)
RETURN ON EQUITY (7, \$) 20% a.	\$
RETURN ON TOTAL COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT COSTS (7) 11% (Net Income Available/Total Costs)	\$
	of \$2 080 03

^{*} Specify type and priority of repayment - MHFA - 1st mortgage of \$3,989,976 covers retail, co-op, parking.

a. For 10 yr. projection and return on equity, see syndication analysis in computer run, appendix A.



DEVELOPMENT PRO FORMA FOR RESIDENTIAL RENTAL PROPERTY (Estimates in 19 88 Dollars Using _____ Inflation Factor from 19 ____)

RESIDENTIAL UNITS Number of Residential Units	67
Average Unit Size (GSF, NSF) 1 Bed 36 1 Bed 600 2 Bed 31 2 Bed 900 Other Other	
Number of Parking Spaces	22
SQUARE FOOTAGE Residential GSF Co-op - 51% 33,272 Perking GSF Rental - 30,5% 9,125 TOTAL GSF	42,397
ACQUISITION \$ 1,00	
CONSTRUCTION COSTS Rehabilitation (\$ /GSF) New Construction (\$ 93 /GSF) Parking (\$ 17.252/space) Site Improvements (\$ /Land SF) included Other TOTAL	\$3.475.089
Architect/Engineering, Construction Supervision Marketing/Brokerage Developer Fees Miscellaneous Fees (Legal, Acctg. Ins., Title Construction Loan Interest (18 mos. 69,5% with 50 % drawdown on \$4,185,056) Financing Fees Other Related Costs - Permits (please epecify) 188,015 10,000 111,150 32,849 298,185 32,849 298,185 72,807	
TOTAL	\$_747,656
CONTINGENCY (Z of \$) Included Above	\$
TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COST	\$4,222,745



Project	Parcel	6	
Developer	Fenway	CDC	

If applicable

** Specify type and priority of repayment

Date 2/17/88 Tel. #/Contact Person Sandra Brant 267-4637

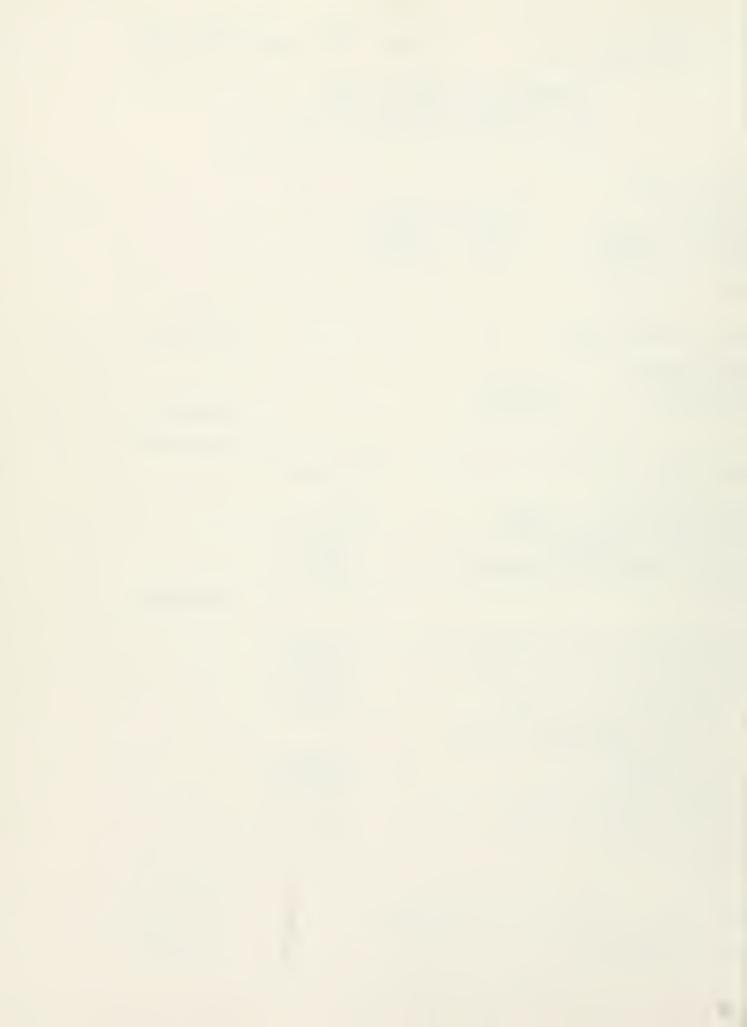
OPERATING PRO FORMA FOR RESIDENTIAL RENTAL PROPERTY (Carry out 10 years and indicate inflation factor)

Rent/Month Low Moderate Middle 1 Bed 750 X 8 550 X 5 675 X 5 2 Bed 885 X 9 650 X 4 775 X 3 Other
TOTAL RESIDENTIAL INCOME \$ 300,180
PARKING INCOME (attach parking rate structure) \$150/mo. \$ 39,600 SHARP 123,432
MISCELLANEOUS INCOME LINKAGE \$ 81,250
POTENTIAL GROSS INCOME \$ 544,462
VACANCY (2.8) Residential only (\$ 6,004)
EFFECTIVE GROSS INCOME \$ 538.458
OPERATING EXPENSES Residential (\$4.83 /NSF) yearly \$ 121,910 Parking (\$208.33/space) yearly 4.583 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES (\$126.493) REAL ESTATE TAXES- included in operating costs Residential (\$ /NSF) \$ Parking (\$ /space) TOTAL REAL ESTATE TAXES (\$)
BRA BASE RENT * (\$)
NET INCOME AVAILABLE FOR DEBT SERVICE \$ 411,965
FINANCING ** MHFA - 1st mortgage Debt Service (9.5 % on \$3,670,778 for 30 yrs.) (\$ 370,390)
CASH FLOW \$ 41,575
EQUITY PARTICIPATION (if applicable) (Amount and % of Total Development Cost) (\$4,222,745) \$1,072,267 25.4%
(Cash Flow/Equity)
RETURN ON TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COST 9.8 9.8 (Net Income Available/Total Development Cost)
* See syndication analysis in computer run, Appendix A, for 10 yr. projection an



		Data	2/17/00
oject Parcel 6	Tel. #/Con	Date ntact Person Sand	<u>4/1//00</u> ra Brant 267 <u>-</u> 463∶
CON	NDOMINIUM DEVELOPMENT (Estimates in 1988 Z Inflation Factor	T PRO FORMA Dollars	ia Bianc 207-403
ESIDENTIAL UNITS			
ix of Units 1 Bed 18 2 Bed 15 Other	A	1ze (GSF, NSF)	
OTAL 33			
umber of Parking Spaces			50
QUARE FOOTAGE Residential GSF Parking GSF TOTAL GSF	31,968 20,726	•	. 52,694
CQUISITION		\$ <u>i.00</u>	-
ONSTRUCTION COSTS Rehabilitation (\$ New Construction (\$ 93 Parking (\$ 17,244/space) Site Improvements (\$ Other TOTAL	/GSF) /GSF)) /Land SF) include	2.974.153 862.198	\$ 3,836,351
ELATED COSTS Architect/Engineering, Marketing (4.4% of Gro Developer Fees Miscellaneous Fees (Legal, Acctg. Ins.,	oss Sales)	ision 207,596 281,875 122,728 66,975	٠.
Construction Loan Inter (18-mos. e ₁₁ 7 with 5 on \$4;626,725) Financing Fees Condominium Carrying Co (Sals Period) Other Related Costs Period (please specify)	rest 50 % drawdown 	486,053 79,753 74,705 38,259	•
Linkage Fee TOTAL	•		\$ <u>1</u> ,357,944
ONTINGENCY (Z of \$) included at	oove	\$
TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COST			\$5,194,295

^{*} Condos. 11.5% for 24 months; Parking - 9.5% for 18 months,



Project Parcel 6

Developer Fenway CDC

Tel. #/Contact Person Sandra Brant 267-4637

\$4,981,500

SALES PRO FORMA FOR CONDOMINIUMS

(Estimates in 198% Dollars)
(Use 67 inflation factor from 1984)

Condominium Units

Gross Sales Proceeds

Gross Condominium Sales/NSF 24,300 Less Total Condominium Units Development Cost Total Condominium Units Cost/NSF 161	3,912,006
Net Profit (Before Taxes) Return on Gross Sales Proceeds	1,069,494

I. Condominium Parking Spaces

(Net Profit/Gross Sales Proceeds)

Gross Sales Proceeds Gross Parking Sales/Space Less Total Condominium Parking Total Parking Cost/Space	. •	(1,077,781)
Net Profit (Refore Taxes) Return on Gross Sales Proceeds (Net Profit/Gross Sales Proce		\$ 297,219 21.6

II. Total Sales

Total Condominium Gross Sales Proceeds Less Total Condominium Development Costs	\$ 6,356,500 (4,989,787)
Net Profit (Before Taxes) Total Return on Gross Condo Sales Proceeds (Net Profit/Total Gross Sales Proceeds)	1,366,713 21,5
Raturn on Equity @ 10% of sales Equity Participation (Amount and % of Total Condominium Cost) \$ 635.650 (12.7 %)	

ote to Sales Pro Forma

f the developer anticipates a phased sales period, then this Pro Forma should estimate the neressed sales prices with additional indexing for inflation.



Project Parcel 6.			Data	2/17/88	
Developer Fenway CDC	Tel.	#/Contact	Person	Sandra Bran	t 267-463
CONDOMINIUM (Estim	ates in	OWNERSHIP 1988Dollar factor fro	·s)		
Number of Units 33				33	•
Average Unit Size (NSF)	•			736	•
Average Unit Price				\$ 150,955	
Average Downpayment Studio 1 Bed 12 300 2 Bed 18 450 Other				\$ 15,095	(10 %)
Annual Common Area Charges (\$_	/nsf	Market) \$_incl	uded be	Affordable	
Annual Real Estate Taxes (\$3.67	_/NSF)	2,70	0		
Annual Mortgage Payment (10 % on \$ 135,860 . for 30 years)		14,30	7		
Annual Service Charges (please a membership fees, special seetc.)		1,82	<u>5</u>		
Total Appual Cost of Ownership	(Refore-	rax) 18,83	2		

Total Monthly Coet of Ownership (Before-tax) 1,569 .



THEATER PROGRAM

MAINSTAGE THEATER FLEXIBLE THEATER OFFICE SPACE SUPPORT SPACE/BOX OFFICE LOBBY/FACILITIES 5,367 GSF 3,796 GSF 3,796 GSF 4,880 GSF	24,383 GSF (499 SEATS) (99 SEATS)
THEATER DEVELOPMENT PROFORMA	•
TOTAL HARD COSTS: @ \$135.42 p.s.f. averaged	3 ,301,908
MAINSTAGE THEATER: THEATER CONSTRUCTION (\$/GSF) * THEATER FINISH (\$/NSF) FLEXIBLE THEATER: THEATER CONSTRUCTION (\$/GSF) * THEATER FINISH (\$/NSF) OFFICE SPACE CONST (\$/GSF) OTHER SPACE (\$/GSF) OFFICE FINISH (\$/NSF) THEATER SEATING (\$/SEAT) LIGHTING SYSTEM OTHER F F & E (SPECIFY) stage lighting	not included in price not included in price not included in price
TOTAL SOFT COSTS:	\$ 756,400
ARCHITECTURE/ENGINEERING FEE + Construction Super DEVELOPER'S OVERHEAD LEGAL FEES + Accounting PERMITS & FEES (SPECIFY) Bldg. permit; street occupa CONSULTANTS (SPECIFY) CONSTRUCTION LOAN INTEREST (18 MOS. 6 9.5 % OF AVERAGE 50% outstanding	105,634
BALANCE OF \$2,014,217 FINANCING FEES	61,467
REAL ESTATE TAXES DURING CONSTRUCTION + Insurance OTHER RELATED COSTS (SPECIFY)	nce 7,847
CONTINGENCY (TOF HARD COSTS)	• included above
TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COST (TDC)	\$ \$4,058,380
SOFT COST AS % OF HARD COSTS 22.9% SOFT COST AS % OF TDC 18.6% TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COST/GSF \$ 166.44 * Theatre finishes estimated at \$325,000.	



FINANCING PLAN

Both the for-sale condominiums (residential and parking) and the cooperative housing portion of the project will generate development surpluses that will be applied to the cost of developing the theatre. There will still be a financing gap.

- A. Condominiums: Financing will be straightforward, with a conventional construction loan covering this portion of the development. Although commitments of this financing have not yet been systematically sought by the Fenway CDC, it is expected that insofar as the proposed sale prices are conservative, such a commitment should readily follow finalization of more complex aspec s of project financing. Take-out of the construction loan will be from individual sales.
- B. Cooperative: An array of debt and equity sources will provide the permanent financing for the cooperative housing, retail and rental parking spaces.

Debt:

- 1. Massachusetts Housing Finance Agency: A first mort-gage, funded with tax exempt bonds is anticipated. MHFA is now financing limited equity, syndicated cooperatives, such as is proposed here. The following sources will increase the amount of supportable debt on the project:
 - a. SHARP subsidy: the full amount of SHARP that the 34 units of housing would qualify for is carried in the proforma.
 - b. Rental subsidies: all low income units are projected to receive federal Section 8 certificates or State ch. 707 subsidy through the Boston Housing Authority or other agency.
 - Linkage/Housing Creation: About one mile from Parcel 6, another major disposition process is underway: The Massachusetts College of Art building at Longwood and Brookline Avenues. The Citizens Advisory Committee appointed by the Division of Capital Planning and Operations (DCPO) is completing its recommended Development Guidelines for the site. As the MCA building is at the "one hundred percent corner" of the Longwood Medical area, it has a very high development potential. If the site is developed to a F.A.R. of 5, which is typical of much of the recent LMA development and is a density supported by the C.A.C., the 98,000 square foot site will generate \$1,950,000 of housing linkage, or \$162,500 a year for twelve



years. The Fenway CDC intends to negotiate with the designated MCA re-developer to provide approximately half of the expected linkage amount -- \$81,250 per year -- to this Parcel 6 proposal. This linkage amount is reflected in the pro-forma.

- 2. Housing Innovation Fund: This new State Program will provide \$15,000 per unit of deferred principal and interest blanket financing (up to \$500,000) for newly developed limited equity cooperatives. The proposed project would meet all of the HIF guidelines. Fenway CDC's experience in co-op development, and its involvement in the design of this program would make it a strong candidate for HIF financing. The HIF program accepts a junior position to other loans and permits early drawdown. HIF funding is available to only non-profit sponsors and developers.
- 3. Developer Note: Although the developer fees in this proposal are modest for the size and complexity of the development, FCDC is prepared to defer up to \$150,000 of fees to be paid out of operating surplus over the first five-years of project operation.

Equity:

- 1. Co-op Equity: Co-op share prices are shown elsewhere in this proposal. The Housing Innovation Fund share loan proceeds are being made available to low, moderate and middle income applicants to cooperatives, which would enable them to obtain the necessary co-op equity and carry the loans at monthly costs that would not be a burden.
- 2. Investor Limited Partners: The investors will receive very significant tax benefits (and eventually cash flow) from this development, in large measure due to the Low Income Tax Credits made possible by the low-income units in the cooperative. The analysis of the syndication potential of the project is included in Appendix B,



C. Theatre

A significant part of the theatre development cost will be covered by development surpluses from the condominium sales activity and the limited partnership activity:

SOURCES OF FUNDS		ominium Units	<u>Limited Par</u>	tnership
	Residential Sales Parking Sales	\$4,981,500 \$1,375,000	MHFA HIF Dlpr, Note Co-op Share Investors	
	TOTAL	\$6,356,500		\$5,805,304
DEVELOPMENT COST	CS Residential Costs Parking Cost Retail	\$3,915,411 ss 1,070,588		\$3,987,089 471,059 405.615
	TOTAL	\$4,985,999		\$4,863,763
DEVELOPMENT SUF	RPLUS	\$1,370,501		\$ 941,541
TOTAL DEVELO	PMENT SURPLUS	: To Theatre	\$2,312,042	
Total Develo	pment Cost of	Theatre	4,054,144	
FINANCING GA	LP		(\$1,742,102)	

Methods To Close The Gap

There are several funding programs that the Fenway CDC has identified that could eliminate this gap. There are also some creative strategies that could involve other actors in this process which would reduce the gap,

A. Funding Programs:

1. The State Division of Capital Planning and Operations is now offering grants to municipalities for the development of civic centers. Up to 70 percent of the cost of the facility can be covered by the Civic Center Program. According to DCPO staff, a theatre which is part of a mixed use facility would qualify for this assistance. Moreover, if the City of Boston had a long term lease on the theatre facility, the DCPO funds would still be available; the basic ownership



structure of the development would not have to be changed (which might affect the overall syndication value of the development). Under this program the entire gap could be filled with funds that do not have many competing uses in the city of Boston right now. Moreover, a larger amount of affordable housing could be provided if the maximum available funding were obtained.

2. Federal Office of Community Service Economic Development Grant: The OCS grants of up to \$500,000 are available only to community development corporations for projects in which there is a significant job creation or retention component. This is a competitive program. Proposals for the current funding round are due in April. If the FCDC receive tentative designation by April 1, 1988, it will submit a proposal to OCS in connection with the theatre facility on Parcel 6.

B Other Gap-Reducing Strategies:

1. BoShakes and its Corporate Patrons: The Boston Shakespeare Company has indicated that it will have to do a substantial amount of fundraising in the next few years to provide working capital to start up the company as well as cover development costs not covered by the developer. A very significant increase in the net investor equity available to this project could be realized if BoShakes could induce several corporations, who might make relatively small charitable contributions, to become, instead, the investors in the project.

If up to five corporations interested in helping the arts in Boston can be persuaded to enter directly into a partnership without resort to syndication securities filings and investment offering memoranda brokers, we estimate that an additional \$133,000 can be generated for the development through savings on transaction costs. Moreover, far greater increments can be realized if these corporations were willing to accept a rate of return on their investment lower than the 20 percent included in our projects. For example, with a rate of return of 15 percent, the incremental equity available to the project would be \$249,000; with a 12 percent rate of return, \$452,302 is added; at a 10 percent return, \$619,000 is added. We believe that the Boston Shakespeare Company may be in a unique postion to facilitate this alternative approach to corporate philanthropy.



2. Theatre Income: The proformas presented assume that the theatre will generate no income to the development. Based on interviews with the Boshakes staff and other theatre professionals, it is reasonable to conclude that in the periods when BoShakes will not be using both theatres (summer season, and certain times in the regular season) there would be a demand by other performance groups to rent the space. Adding \$25,000 a year of rental income from the theatre could increase the supportable debt by about \$230,000.



THE BOSTON HOUSING PARTNERSHIP, INC.

February 17, 1988

Stephen Coyle Director Boston Redevelopment Authority City Hall Boston, MA 02201

Dear Steve,

I am writing to express BHP's strong support for the proposal by the Fenway CDC to develop 67 units of mixed income housing and a theatre on Parcel 6 with the Boston Shakespeare Company.

BHP is currently developing its next housing program (BHP V) under which BHP would provide assistance in arranging financing and technical support for participating CDCs. We would be happy to work with the Fenway CDC on the Parcel 6 development and urge the BRA to designate the CDC as developer for the following reasons. First, the need for affordable housing in this neighborhood is great while high property values severely limit development opportunities. As the last publicly-owned site in the neighborhood, Parcel 6 offers that rare but much needed opportunity. Second, the Fenway CDC has proven itself to be an exemplary non-profit developer. BHP had occasion to witness this development expertise time and again during the CDC's rehab of its 20-unit BHP I project. It overcame unforseen problems in a difficult project, attracted additional financing when it was needed, and managed to complete the rehab early. Third, the Fenway CDC proposal has the important sociological advantage of making housing available to a range of income groups within a single development. The limited-equity coop portion will give residents the chance to directly oversee the management of their housing. Finally, the Fenway CDC's sponsorship of the project will ensure its long term viability. BHP has seen the CDC's initiative and competence as a developer extend to its responsibilities as landlord/sponsor in both its 20-unit rental property and the 46-unit Fensgate limited-equity coop (for which BHP administers the 707 certificates).

In addition to the BHP I project, BHP has already demonstrated its confidence in the Fenway CDC by awarding a grant for translation services and coop-member training at the Fensgate cooperative.

Thank you for considering this proposal. We give it our highest recommendation.

Sincerely,

Robert B. Whittlesey Executive Director

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THE NATIONAL EQUITY FUND

February 17, 1988

Mathew Thall Fenway Community Development Corporation P.O. Box 127 Astor Station Boston, MA 02123

RE: BRA's Parcel 6 in the Fenway Urban Renewal Area

Dear Mathew:

This letter will confirm National Equity Fund's interest in completing an investment of equity in the above referenced property to be developed by Fenway CDC in Boston. Our review of the Project has shown it to be eligible under our general investment criteria and Fenway CDC to be an appropriate non-profit sponsor for an NEF investment project.

Based on our review to date, I feel confident of my ability to make a favorable recommendation of the investment once final numbers have been negotiated and a proposal is complete.

I hope this meets your needs for now. Please feel free to call with any further questions, or have others do the same. I look forward to discussing this project further with you.

Sincerely,

Jane a. Blumenfeldour Jane A. Blumenfeld

JAB/dlm

cc. Carol Glazer





February 19, 1988

Mr. Steven Coyle Boston Redevelopment Authority City Hall Boston, MA 02201

Dear Mr Coyle:

The Community Development Finance Corporation (CDFC) is pleased to offer support for the proposal prepared by the Fenway Community Development Corporation and the Boston Shakespeare Company regarding the development of a building that will offer housing, retail space and multi- use theatres. The building will be constructed on a parcel of land located on or near Massachusetts Avenue and St. Botolph Street in Boston.

We understand that the project is designed to produce approximately 67 units of housing. The housing mix will create 33 market rate condominiums and 34 mixed income limited equity cooperatives. Among the cooperatives, 17 units will be available to low income families, 9 units for those of moderate income and 8 units for middle income families.

The retail program will offer 3,000 sq. ft. of space on Massachusetts Avenue. The housing and retail space will be complemented by 25,000 sq. ft. of theatre use space. This space will be divided as a 500 seat theatre, a 100 seat theatre and an accessory theatre.

The developers intend to harmonize the height and massing of the building with its surroundings. The materials of the building will reflect existing materials used in the older neighboring buildings. Suitable landscaping, lighting, and fencing is included. To minimize the apparent size of the building, the sixth and seventh floors will be set well back, with the facades subdived vertically into sections, and also grouped horizontally into bands of stories. The Southwest Corridor Park will be fully utilized to enhance the internal and external building design. Lastly, in order to project a strong image to the adjacent area, the theatre will have two very prominent street level entrances with a connecting lobby.



The Fenway CDC and CDFC have enjoyed a successful business relationship over the past years. CDFC has provided financing to the CDC in its role as a member of the Boston Housing Partnership. The CDC successfully rehabilitated a number of affordable housing units within this project. Recently the CDC completed the historic renovation of the 46 unit Fensgate Cooperative Apartments. The financing of this project included, among numerous sources, a Federal Housing Development grant, equity syndication, and a \$328,000 loan from CDFC. Earlier this month CDFC agreed to issue a \$332,500 letter of credit to Fenway CDC to help it meet a MHFA mortgage requirement on its Kilmarnock Street Apartments, a new 52 unit mixed income housing project. Clearly, CDFC has made successful and promising investments in the Fenway CDC and is very interested in examining ways we might financially support of the project presently proposed. We assume appropriate discussion will occur in the near future.

Again, CDFC encourages serious consideration of the Fenway CDC/Boston Shakespeare Compnay, Parcel 6 Proposal. Thank You.

Yours truly,

Milton J. Benjamin Jr.

Acting President





LOCAL INITIATIVES SUPPORT CORPORATION 60 STATE STREET SIXTH FLOOR BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS 02109 (617) 723-7415

January 27, 1988

Matthew Thall Executive Director Fenway CDC P.O. Box 127, Astor Station Boston, MA 02123

RE: Fenway CDC Parcel 6 Mixed Use Project

Dear Mr. Thall:

This is to express LISC's interest in assisting Fenway Community Development Corporation (FCDC) in the development of a mixed use project on Parcel 6 in the Fenway Urban Renewal Area. My understanding is that the project will have various requirements for subordinated debt financing, including bridge financing of approximately \$250,000 against future developer linkage payments.

LISC's past experience with FCDC in financing the Fensgate Cooperative has been exceptionally positive. The project was carefully conceived, well managed and importantly, it combined the elements of good design with substantial public benefit. This track record, together with the strategic importance of Parcel 6 for the neighborhood and FCDC's organizational capacity, make this project one which is quite consistent with LISC's interest.

A firm financing commitment from LISC will require further review of the overall project financial structure including, if appropriate, agreements and other documentation pertaining to the project's linkage commitment. I would be happy to work with you as these details take shape, in structuring a LISC proposal which can be approved by our Board.



I look forward to your continued progress in planning this important project.

Sincerely

Carol Glazer

Director, Boston-LISC

CAG/d1m







Conclusion

We would like briefly to summarize points which suggest designation of the Fenway CDC as co-developer of Parcel 6.

The Fenway CDC is a reliable and experienced neighborhood developer with a reputation for competence and productivity. Through our previous projects we have established good working relationships with both public and private lenders and grant-making agencies. As a democratically run community controlled organization, we are particularly adept at incorporating neighborhood concerns into the design and development process. We have the support of various active community service organizations, housing advocacy groups, neighborhood organizations, and elected representatives.

The proposed building is designed to be a good neighbor to the surrounding area, both in the aesthetic sense and in the array of uses in the building program. Visually, it will enhance the attractiveness of the immediate area. The retail and theatre use will contribute to the revitalization of this block of Massachusetts Avenue, where two other non-profit developers will soon be in construction on projects combining housing, retail, and office uses.

Our financing plan is credible. While complicated, it is not significantly more so than other recent undertakings of this organization. We have demonstrated the patience and perseverance to assemble this type of financing. It should be noted that our proposal includes most theatre costs, except for stage lighting and about \$325,000 worth of finishes. Because no theatre income is projected, the Boston Shakespeare Company could help finance some improvements by renting theatre space to other groups as its schedule allows.

The Fenway CDC's proposal provides a high proportion of affordable housing. Fifty-one percent of the units are below-market, with thirty-nine percent affordable to low and moderate income households. Since close to half the proposed units are two-bedroom apartments, the small families most in need of affordable housing (based on length of the Boston Housing Authority's waiting list), and most suitable for this busy in-town location, will be well served.

With home ownership provided at all income levels in the development, it can be expected that the housing will become well integrated with the surrounding St. Botolph Street area, with its high incidence of owner-occupied housing. Strong relationships between the building association and the local civic groups are expected to develop easily.



Designation of Parcel 6 of the Fenway CDC would be a suitable disposition of the last buildable parcel in the Fenway Urban Renewal Project. It would in some measure mitigate the displacement engendered by past urban renewal, as well as by market forces. It would also be appropriate for a non-profit community-based organization to be the designated developer of at least one of the disposition parcels in the Urban Renewal Plan. Although the Fenway CDC realizes that affordable housing was not included as a requirement for designation, inclusion of a significant percentage of low and moderate income housing would both address continuing citywide and neighborhood needs and be a small step toward realizing the original promise of urban renewal.











PARCEL 6: Mkt. condominiums; mixed income co-op Convntl./MHFA financing No Theater Income; PROJECT SUMMARY

Income	584558
Operating Expenses	141500
Net Income	442858
Available for Debt Pmt.	402599
Maximum Mtg.	3989976
term: 304rs	
rate: 9.5%	
Total Development Cost	13906209
Equity	7522008
Debt	4639976
Total Sources of Funds	1216198 4
Gan/Surnlus	-1744225



DEVELOPMENT BUDGET		2		
	Rosntl.	Commcl ^a .	Parking	TOTAL
Acquisition	1	1	1	3
ConstructionDirect	5059700	3629550	1242360	10940610
Construction Allocated				
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL	<i>5</i> 959700	3628550	1242360	10940510
General Development Cost			1	
Legal (project lawyers	77670	46432	15878	140000
Construction supervisi	24955	14925	5110	45000
Architect	303485	217713	62118	583316
Accounting '	13870	8291	2839	25000
Consultant fee	O	Ó	O	
Developer fee	194175	116081	39744	350000
Insurance	11095	66 33	2271	20000
Taxes	3329	1990	681	6000
. Utilities	O	Ò	O	
Permit fees	50531	36186	12390	109106
Relocation	0	O	0	
Marketing	255075	Ó	25800	291875
Sub-total	955195	448251	166951	1570297
Financing/Closing Costs	A TOWNS IN MY			
Construction Interest	577021	315412	107992	
Principal	7295600	442685Q	1515679	13238129
Avg.% Outstanding	50	5 0	50	
Annual Int. Rate	Ъ,	9.5	9,5	
Period in Months	Ъ,	18	18	
Inspection fees	11069	5517	2265	19950
Application fees	1 1 000 ბბ4 1	3970	1359	11970
Origination fees	44272	25465	9062	79800
Bond fees	19922	11910	4078	35910
	17722 27739	16533	5678	20000
Lender legal costs/			~	
recording Stamps	18500	2000	2000	22500
Subtotal	805163	382957	132434	1320554
GENERAL.	CHACHEON	വമു/വ/	J. A. Marian Co.	PUDDEGE
CONDO CARRYING c.	74745			74745
TOTAL DEVELOPMENT COST	7904804	4459759	1541545	13906209
	Committee 1	1 10 // 0//	2 60 1 3 6,7 3 6,7	and the control of th

a. 91% for theatre; 9% for retail.

b. Co-op at 9,5% for 18 months Condos at 11,5% for 24 months

c. Real estate taxes and condo association for half of units, for one year absorption period,



NIT MIX/EQUITY/INC	COME (1-0P-34	CONDOS - 3	.3	
O-BR	1-BR	2-BR	3-BR	4-BR	TOTAL
.DW					
#	8	9			17
Rent	750	, 885			13965
Equity	8500	10000			158000
IODERATE #	. 5	4			9
Rent	. 5 550	650			5350
Equity	8500				82500
IDDLE					
#	5	3			8
Rent	675	775			5700
Equity	8500	10000			72500
IARKET	10	15			
Rent	19	15 0			33 0
Equity	123000	184500			4981500
TOTAL UNITS	36	31		0	67
	2.0			<u>-</u>	2,7
nnual Gross		E	.G.I.		
Low	167580				
Vac02			164228		
Mod.	64200				
vac02	,		62916		
Middle	68400		17070		
vac02 Mkt.	O		67032		
vac. 0	U	~	Q		
			-		
TOTAL RESDTL.				294176	
		T	otal		4
Parking					
# spaces (rent)	22	o o	22		
Monthly rate # spaces sold	150	0 50 Y	50	70400	
# spaces sold sale price	O	50 x	50 1,37 <i>5,00</i> 6	37600	
Commercial		27000-	1,7.212.0	45900	
Other SHARP				123432	
Linkage				81250	
TOTAL E.G.I.				584358	
NCOME MIX SUMMARY					
/ h=1 =			gen. g		
below-market (low	n/wad/wid):	51		
4 1ow			25		
· moderate			13		
' middle			12		
Vithin co-op only:					
% 1 ow	50				
% moderate	26				
% middle	24				



NCOME SUMMARY	(See Ex	(h. 1)			
TOTAL E.G.I OTAL OPERATING	EXP		584358 141500		
AXIMUM MTG.:DEE	BT PMT.				
Iffective gross Total operating Wet income Coverage factor Wailable for de	ехр.	1.1	584358 141500 442858 402599		
)ebt service lender: MHFA lender:Devlpr.	t-	princip 3989976 150000	9.5		ann.d.s. 402599
lender: HIF lender: lender lender lender lender	note	200000		(deferred)	0
Total principal		4639976			
SOURCES OF FUNDS	3				
DEBT				4639976	
EQUITY Source Co-op Investors Resdntl. co Parking con		Exh. 1 Exh. 2 Exh. 1 Exh. 1	amount 313000 852508 4981500 1375000	7522008	
TOTAL SOURCES				12161993	
Total devel. cos Gap/Surplus ("-' GAP SOURCES b <	'=surplu			13906209 1744225	

^{*} See financing Section



NDICATION ANALYSIS EXHIBIT 2

w Inocme Cred:		epreciati		2				
otal dylpmt co	ost		13906209 3					
ess Land								
ess condo. dy:	lpmt cost	<u> </u>	-5001928					
otal basis			8904280)				
esidentl. allo			4444521		Low Ind			.5
ommcl. allocat	4459759	7	Low ind	ome valu	ie 222	22261		
esidntl depre)	27.5					
ommcl. deprec.	·		31	L	Low ind	. credit	. %	4
sh flow.losses								
YEAR	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	•
come								4
DM	164228	172440	181062	190115	199621	209602	220082	23108
oderate	62916	65433	68050	70772	73603	76547	79609	8275
iddle	67032	69713	72502	75402	78418	81555	84817	8821
arket	0	0	Ф	0	Q	0	Ō	e.
ommc1.	45900	48195	50605	53135	- 55792	58581	61510	6458
arking	39600	41580	43659	45842	48134	50541	53068	5572
ther							. 0	,
HARP	123432	119729	116137	112653	109273	105995	102815	99 7:
inkage	81250	81250	81250	81250	81250	81250	81250	8125
penses .	-141500	-148575	-156004	-163804	-171994	-180594	-189624	-1991(
bt serv.	-402599	-402599	-402599	-402599	-402599	-402599	-402599	-4025°
lpr. Note	-30000	-20000	-20000	-30000	-20000			
SH FLOW ess	10260	17166	24662	-32766	41498	80878	90929	10167
Deprectn.	-305482	-305492	-305482	-305482	-305482	-305482	-305482	-3054(
SHARP		-119729					-102815	
SHARP/HIF int	-31172	-37158	-42965	-48598	-54061		-64502	
lus amortztn.	24604	27046	29730	32681	35924	39489	43409	477
SSES	-425222	-419157	-410192	-401286	-391395	-350471	-338462	-3253
sh/after-								4
ax losses	154835	159340	164128	169203	174572	200038	206006	2122
w Inc. credit	88890	. 88890	88890	88890	88890	88890	88890	8884
TAL BENEFITS	243726	248230	253018	258094	263463	288929	294896	3011



-1								
YEAR	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
come								
OW	242640	254772	267511	280886	294931	309 677	325161	
loderate	86105	89549	93131	96856	100731	104760	108950	
liddle	91738	95407	99224	103193	107320	111613	116078	
larket	O	O	0	O	O	O	0	
commc1.	67815	71206	74766	79505	82430	86551	90879	
<mark>'arking</mark>	58507	61433	64504	67729	71116	74672	78405	
ther								
HARP	96739	93837	91022	98291	85642	83073	80581	
inkage	81250	81250	81250	81250				
penses	-209050	-219513	-230489	-242013	-254114	-266919	-280160	
bt serv.	-402599	-402599	-402599	-402599	-402599	-402599	-402599	
lpr. Note								
SH FLOW	113136	125343	138321	152099	85457	100928	117295	
ess								
Deprectn.	-305482	-305482	-305482	-305482		-305482	-305482	
SHARP	-96739	93837	-91022	-88291	-85642	-83073	-80581	
SHARP/HIF int	-74325	-79017	-83568	-87983	92265		-100448	
lus amortztn.	52453	57658	63381	69671	76586	84187	92542	
SSES	-310958	-295335	-278371	-259986	-321346	-299859	-276673	
sh/after-								
ax losses	218862	225757	232967	240494	194715	202880	211354	
w Inc. credit	88870	88890						
	the the the F 101							
TAL BENEFITS	307752	314647	232967	240494	194715	202880	211364	
Plant of American	• •	man had been in come to	1					

lue of total benefits 3856344

quired invstr return (20%

esent value of benefits/ Gross syndication

Transaction costs 182680
Net worth requrmnt. 182680

NET INVESTOR EQUITY TO PROJECT

852508



Appendix B



MASSACHUSETTS BAY TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY

Real Estate Development Development and Public Affairs 600 Washington Street, Suite 64D Boston, Massachusetts 02111 (617) 722-5830

February 18, 1988

Mr. Mathew Thall Executive Director Fenway CDC P.O. Box 127 Astor Station Boston, MA 02123

Dear Mr. Thall:

I am writing in response to your letter of January 22, 1988 concerning the potential for development of "air rights" over the Orange Line's Massachusetts Avenue headhouse by Fenway CDC as part of a proposed development of BRA Parcel 6. As we discussed by phone, statutes governing the MBTA on real estate transactions do not permit the MBTA to offer forward commitments to private developers or public entities through private developers.

If, however, Fenway CDC were to be designated the developer of BRA Parcel 6, and could substantiate that it is "uniquely situated" to the station headhouse, the MBTA would not be opposed to discussing the potential for development of the air rights.

The statute sets forth a competitive framework for private development of MBTA sites; however, in some cases, a developer of property uniquely situated to an MBTA site (such that no other entity can possibly develop the site on any scale) may be able to enter into direct negotiations with the MBTA. Of course, reviewing the compatibility of the specific development with MBTA facilities is a major first step.

Sincerely, Jack Neuwrith

Jack Neuwirth

Project Manager - SWC



Appendix C



Fenway Civic Association Post Office Box 435 Boston, MA 02123

February 17, 1988

Mr. Stephen Coyle Director Boston Redevelopment Authority City Hall One City Hall Square Boston, MA 02201

Dear Mr. Coyle:

The Fenway Civic Association is the oldest community based organization in the Fenway. We endorse the Fenway Community Development Corporation's proposal to build sixty-seven units of housing on Parcel 6 of the Urban Renewal Plan. average household earning from \$12,000 to \$25,000 a year is being displaced from the Fenway due to the high rents. Apartments in the Fenway now house two to three students in a studio apartment, three to four students in a one bedroom unit, and those households who are fortunate to have incomes above \$25,000 per year. There is such a critical shortage of housing in our community as well as in the city as a whole, that we would have liked to have had the land used totally for housing.

The Fenway Community Development Corporation has created mixed income housing in two of their recent developments. It has plans for 107 units in the West Fenway area. totally support their efforts and accomplishments to provide housing for the low, moderate and middle income persons, as well as for the elderly who live on fixed incomes and handicapped persons that need special housing.

We hope that you and your staff designate the Fenway CDC as developer for the Parcel 6 urban renewal site.

Mary Garvey

President



Mary Mercure Ex-President of FenPAC 97 St. Stevens St. Boston, Ma. 02115 February 17, 1988

Steven Coyle, Director Boston Redevelopment Authority City Hall, Room 900 Boston, Ma. 02201

Dear Mr. Coyle:

As the last President of the Fenway Project Area Committee (FenPAC) I felt it was vital to respond to the proposal for Parcel 6.

Needless to say, the City has recognized the need for a permanent home for the Shakespeare Company through development guidelines for the site.

The proposal by the Fenway Community Development Corporation (FCDC) seems to offer the best possible uses for this site by meeting the theater requirement while at the same time providing for housing (with a high percentage of affordable housing) in the neighborhood.

For years the neighborhood had a large stock of affordable housing (including everything from rooms to large apartments for families). This helped give the Fenway its unique social, ethnic, and economic diversity.

Urban renewal, together with institutional expansion, lifestyles geared to city rather than suburban living (to name a few) have all contributed to the erosion of the affordable housing supply in the neighborhood.

The FCDC proposal for Parcel 6, with its high percentage of affordable housing offers a unique opportunity to use the last Fenway Urban Renewal parcel to address the problem of the supply of affordable housing.

The proposed design, with setbacks, parking, landscaping, etc, shows a great deal of thought and attention to neighborhood concerns about physical size, positioning, materials, etc.

As a long time resident I feel that it is vital to the continued life and vitality of the neighborhood to restore the maximum amount of affordable housing to the area. The most basic way of doing this is illustrated by the FCDC's plan for Parcel 6.

I hope favorable consideration will be given to the FCDC proposal.

Sincerely,

Mary Mecuke



SARI

Symphony Area Renaissance Inc., P.O. Box 794, Astor Station, Boston, Massachusetts 02123

February 15, 1988

Boston Redevelopment Authority Boston City Hall Boston, Ma 02201

Dear Board:

We strongly support the Fenway Community Development Corporation's plans to develop parcel 6 at Mass. Ave. and St. Botolph St. $\,$

As a non-profit community development corporation like the FCDC, we understand the need for low and moderate income housing in this neighborhood and we know the desire of area residents to have more coops which allow tenants to have more control over their living space.

We also have great respect for the work of the FCDC and appreciate the many low and moderate income units they have added or preserved in the neighborhood.

We strongly encourage you to allow them to develop this property.

Sincerely,

Teresa Gallagher

President



ymphony Tenants Organizing Project

February 15, 1988

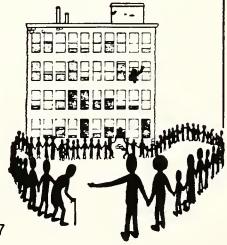
To Whom It May Concern:

Symphony Tenants Organizing Project, the tenant organization of the Fenway, would like to add its voice in support of the Fenway CDC's application to the Boston Redevelopment Authority for designation as Parcel 6 developer.

During the past seven years, rents and condominium conversions in the Fenway area have increased dramatically, and what was once an ethnically and economically diverse community is rapidly becoming one reserved for wealthier persons and for students who live, densely packed, in investor-owned condominiums. Since the Fenway CDCs proposal is the only one which addresses this problem by including a substantial amount of affordable housing, STOP endorses it wholeheartedly.

Sincerely.

John Healy







SYMPHONY UNITED NEIGHBORS

43 St. Stephen Street

Boston, Ma. 02115

February 16, 1988

Boston Redevelopment Authority City Hall Boston, MA 0220I

To Whom It May Concern:

Our neighborhood organization is largely made up of homeowners in the St.Stephen Street, Gainsborough Street, and Symphony Road area, close to Symphony Hall and close to Parcel 6. We strongly support the proposal of the Fenway Community Development Corporation to develop this Parcel.

We believe in the necessity of providing the opportunity for home ownership for people of low and moderate income levels. Fenway CDC's proposal would accomplish that objective.

We urge the BRA to designate the Fenway CDC as the developer of Parcel 6 because it is a community organization; it would naturally create a development that would most sensitively reflect the needs of the surrounding neighborhoods.

Sincerely,

Richard Galler,

Ricurus (mes

President



To Whom it May Concern:

The Fenway Community Development Corporation has recently informed us about their plans the build a theater and limited equity housing Cooperative at the corner of St. Botolph and Massachusetts Avenue (Parcel 6).

We believe this will be an excellent addition to our neighborhood. We are also excited about having another coop in the area. Currently, we have been working with the Fensgate Cooperative (an FCD6 project) to discuss common problems and concerns and sharing waiting lists. We hope to soon be doing this with the other coops in the area and with a new coop on Parcel 6. Since coops are new in the Boston area, this kind of support is needed. We hope the trend towards coop housing will continue.

We also believe they have the expertise needed to develop a coop. On many occasions we had to call the FCDC to help us with problems or for advise and they have always been willing to help even though we are not one of their projects. Their staff and Board Members are very knowledgeable and helpful.

We are also excited about having a theater within walking distance from our home.

We are delighted the City of Boston help to develop our limited equity Coop and gave us this housing option; we hope the City will allow the FCDC to use their expertise and allow them to give others this very exciting opportunity.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Stephen Martin

President

Belmont Chambers, Inc. Limited Equity Coop

43 Symphony Rd.

Boston, Massachusetts 02115



FIRST FENWAY COOPERATIVE 149 MASSACHUSETTS AVE. BOSTON, MA, 02115

Boston Redevelopment Authority City Hall Boston, Ma.

To whom it may concern:

The First Fenway Cooperative enthusiastically supports the Fenway Community Development Corporation's proposal for development of Parcel 6.

The Fenway CDC has an exemplary record of developing housing to meet the needs of its community and its city. Its work in the past, and its current proposal, make inroads to replacing low income housing lost by this neighborhood during the urban renewal of the 1970's.

Boston's housing crisis requires creativity and committment. The Fenway CDC's unique proposal demonstrates both these properties. As one of Boston's first limited equity cooperatives, we know first hand how successful and necessary cooperatives are in meeting the current housing need. The CDC's proposal, combining cooperatives and condominiums, meets both the social and practical needs of Boston's housing market. The blend of low income to market level units is a fair and realistic blend.

We believe the Fenway CDC accurately represents the needs and desires of our community. It's track record, and it's mission, are to be admired. We trust you will give fair consideration to this excellent proposal.

Sincerely, . Karla Kaleont

Karla Rideout

President, First Fenway Cooperative



MASSACHUSETTS ASSOCIATION OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT CORPORATIONS

Allston-Brighton CDC • Back-of-the-Hill CDA • Brightwood DC • Charlestown EDC • Chicopee CDC • Coalition for Better Acre CDC • Codman Square HDC • The Community Corp. • Dorchester Bay EDC • East Boston CDC • Fenway CDC • Fields Corner CDC • CDC of Fitchburg • Franklin County CDC • Greater Roxbury DC • Heritage Common CDC • Hilltown CDC • Hyde Park CDC • Inquilinos Boricuas en Accion • Jamaica Plain NDC • Just-A-Start • Lee CDC • Lena Park CDC • Main South CDC • Medford CDC • Millers River Self Help Network CDC • Newton Upper Falls CDC • Neighborhood of Affordable Housing • North Adams CDC • Nuestra Comunidad DC • Nueva Esperanza CDC • Dak Hill CDC • Quincy-Geneva HDC • Riverside/Cambridgeport Community Corp • Roxbury/North Dorchester Veighborhood Revitalization Corp • Salem Harbor CDC • Somerville Corp CDC • Tri-Hill CD • Tri-Ward CDC • United South End/Lower Roxbury DC • Urban Edge

February 17, 1988

Stephen Coyle Director Boston Redevelopment Authority City Hall Plaza Boston, MA 02201

Dear Mr. Coyle:

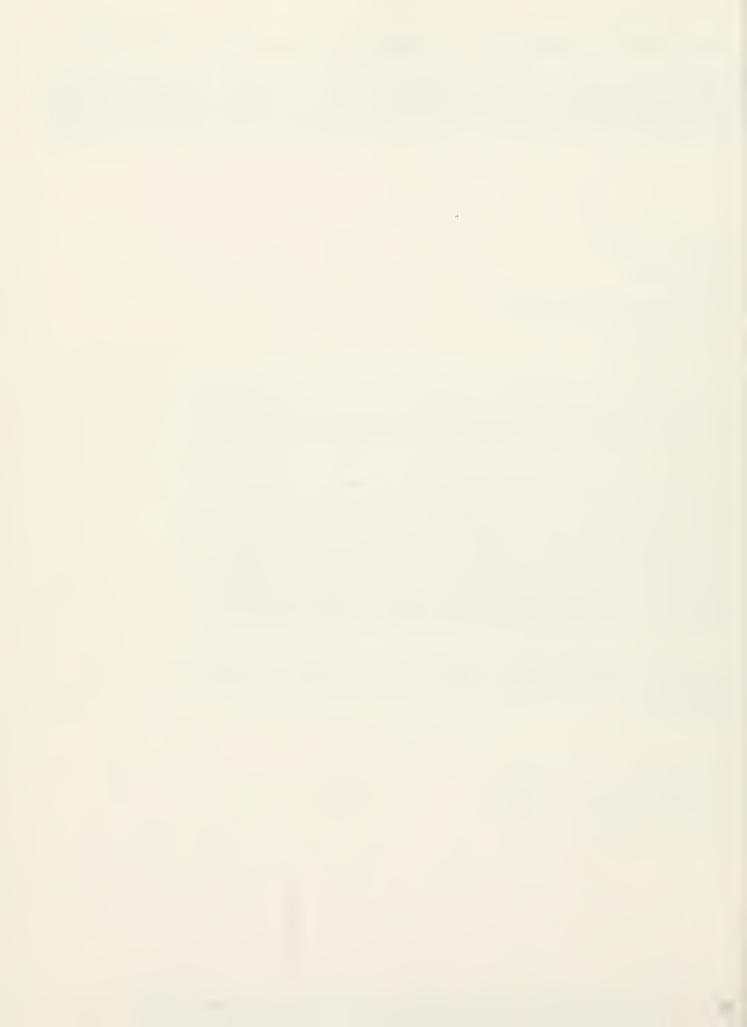
The Massachusetts Association of Community Development Corporations, a state-wide non-profit corporation representing over 40 Community Development Corporations, is strongly in support of the proposal by the Fenway Community Development Corporation to develop Parcel 6.

The Fenway CDC is an exemplary Community Development Corporation with a history of successful neighborhood projects. The proposal for Parcel 6 reflects a throughtful approach to the development which is characteristic of the CDC. The proposal includes a significant number of affordable housing units which are desperately needed in the Fenway, as well as a theater for the Boston Shakespeare Company. Underground parking and retail space are other important aspects of the project. The design features are extremely sensitive to the community — incorporating good construction materials, scale and configuration which are harmonious with the surrounding environs.

As a long-time Boston resident I am personally pleased to see that development proposals of this quality are being submitted to the BRA for review. I sincerely hope you will give it your wholehearted endorsement.

Yours truly,

Patricia J. Libby Executive Director



Cooperative Housing Task Force

February 16, 1988

To Whom It May Concern:

We understand that the Fenway Community Development Corporation is proposing to develop the Boston Redevelopment Authority's Parcel 6 with the Boston Shakespeare Company for theater space, retail space and mixed income housing. Approximately half of the mixed income housing as proposed would be in the form of a limited equity cooperative that would provide homeownership opportunities to low, moderate, and middle income people. We support the proposal by FCDC to develop mixed income co-op housing on this site and are certain that they possess the necessary skills and experience.

As a statewide non-profit organization that promotes limited equity housing cooperatives, we work with a broad range of community developers on specific projects and on co-op policy and finance issues. Our dealings with FCDC have shown us that they are a sophisticated community developer with a proven track record. FCDC has clearly demonstrated their ability to carry out a complex limited equity cooperative development project, as evidenced by their successful completion of the Fensgate Cooperative.

FCDC's Director and staff have been actively involved with the Task Force in activities which assist State agencies to develop co-op financing tools. In particular, FCDC staff have worked on program design and policy recommendations regarding the use of SHARP, Housing Innovations Fund, and Section 707 subsidies in limited equity cooperatives. They have demonstrated a clear understanding of these programs and a commitment to making them work for affordable homeownership using the cooperative model.

FCDC's proposal for the Shakespeare Company site is an exciting and creative one. We support their efforts and hope that their proposal will go forward to project implementation.

Sincerely.

Ann L. Silverman Executive Director





NEIGHBORHOOD SERVICE CENTER

"We Still Have The Dream"



February 18, 1988

Mr. Robert Farrell
Chairman, Board of Directors
Boston Redevelopment Authority
One City Hall Plaza
Boston, Massachusetts 02201

Dear Mr. Farrell,

The South End Neighborhood Service Center of ABCD ("SNAP") wishes to go on record in strong support of the proposal of the Fenway Community Development Corporation (FCDC) to develop parcel #6. Although technically in the Fenway Re-development District, this site is just a few blocks from SNAP, and we have great interest and concern about its development.

For some months, we have heard that there would be a requirement that a theater be built on this site, and indeed this will enhance the quality of life of the community. However, we are most pleased after reviewing the FCDC proposal, that the development of publicly owned land must be for the maximum benefit of the public which because of the severe crisis in affordable housing, must be defined as the development of affordable housing. Although we would have preferred that 2/3 of the units be affordable, we understand that the mixed usage dictated by the requirement of theater will result in a lesser amount.

We are of the strong opinion that this proposal is significant because of the mixed usage of cultural enhancement with affordable housing. The FCDC has a track record of note, with a Board of Directors truly representative of our neighboring community — the Fenway. The capability of the entire development team is of the highest order, and the economic mix of the affordable units meets a pressing community need.

SNAP strongly recommends that the FCDC receive tentative designation to develop parcel #6.

Sincerely,

Pat Cusick Director

cc. Robert M. Coard, Executive Director, ABCD
Stephen Coyle, Executive Director, BRA
Don Gillis, Executive Director, Office of ONS





Jenants' Development Corporation

663 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE . BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS 02118 (617) 445-8317

February 18, 1988

Mr. Stephen Coyle, Executive Director Boston Redevelopment Authority Boston, City Hall One City Hall Plaza Boston, Massachusetts 02201

Re: The Fenway Community Development Corporation's proposal to develop parcel #6. (MassachusettsAve)

Dear Mr. Coyle:

Tenants' Development Corporation has reviewed the plans for the above named Development and unanimously supports the proposal.

The aspects of the development that we feel is unique is the addition of more affordable housing for families of need and the idea of again having a theater accessable to the residents of the south End. During some past years there were two such theater's available for the community use.

There seems to be some sensitivity as to the communities needs that shows through the renderings and plans. Tenants' Development Corporation would like to go on record as a supporter of the Fenway Community Development Corporation's proposal to develop parcel #6.

Sincerely,

Tenants' Development Corporation

Nàthaniel Geer

Clerk of Corporation

NG/rlb



Garrison Hall Tenants Association 8 Garrison St. Boston, Ma.

Feb. 16, 1988

Stephen Coyle
Boston Redevelopment Authority .
City Hall
Government Center
Boston, Ma. 02201

Dear Mr. Coyle:

We are tenants at Garrison Hall, an apartment building at the corner of Garrison Street and St Botolph st. Our building was converted to condominiums in 1982 and the landlord tried to force us out of our homes here. We are all elderly and many of us have lived here for decades. Out fellow tenants who were not elderly were eventually forced out of Garrison Hall and out of the neighborhood in most cases. We have been able to stay here only by fighting a long running battle against harrassment by the landlord and because we joined with other elderly tenants to press for an eviction ban to cover us.

We have seen the number of affordable places to live in this area shrink over the years and we would like to see more affordable housing in the neighborhood. Therefore we would like to support the proposal of the Fenway Community Development Corporation to be designated the developer of parcel 6. Their proposal would provide a good many affordable apartments for the area.

Enough affordable housing has been lost in the St. Botolph area, it's time to get some of that housing back, and the St. Botolph area,

Sincerely,

Helen Mc getter

WE ED



8 Jarrison Street Boston, mass 62116 tebruary 167. 1988 ME Stephen Coyle B.R.A Justos City Hab, Boston Jean ME Coyle I am Wither to you today to 35.5 you on be half of the family Development Corporations Community, to Support Parcel 6 in Boston: Besides The Shakespare Les Ex I em derdang much needed affordable Jacobsing will be built -Oelso the fact that the F.C.D.C. is a non profit organization es also in Dun Jayor! heir help; Several veges as a and changed. into Condos of Jourous what it is to be theatened by evidion and we were find to have the help of Son You meter vio was then but M.T.O and is now affiliated with F. C.D.C. Hould be blaced in Good hands! Suicerely Ques Pantoperes



To whom it may concern:

I am writing to Snow my support for the Fenway Community Development corporation's plan to develop parcel 6 (corner of Mass. Are and St. Botolon St.) As a tenent of 40 St. Botolph St. and a member of the 40 St. Botolph St. People's Trust, I am Concerned about developements withing the St. Botolph St. neighborhood. I like the F.C.D.C's plans for parcel 6 over other developers plans because the FODC has included a good number of low and Moderate income units. This is a major concern of mine. I also like this plan because the Boston Snakespeare Company is a Co-developer and will do what is best for the neighborhood.

> Sincerly, Pulia D. Rituran Apt. 44 40 St Botolph St.





Boston City Council

February 16, 1988

David Scondras

District 8

725-4225 Mr. Steven Coyle, Director Boston Redevelopment Authority Boston City Hall, Room 900 Boston, Ma. 02111

Dear Steven,

I am writing to strongly support the Fenway Community Development Corporation's (FCDC) proposal to be designated as the developer of "Parcel 6" at the corner of Massachusetts Avenue and St. Botolph Street.

The FCDC has a strong track record. Moreover, their record demonstrates that they are sensitive and responsive to neighborhood concerns about developments they build.

The FCDC proposal is responsive to the BRA Request for Proposals, and more specifically, would provide a combination of theater spaces that would meet the needs of the BoShakes as stated in the RFP.

Moreover, the FCDC proposal would include a substantial amount of affordable housing, which should be a key consideration in the selection of any developer for a Fenway Urban Renewal Program parcel.

Thank you for your consideration.

David Scondras

Sincere





Boston City Council

Rosaria Salerno 725-4376

February 16, 1988

Mr. Steven Coyle
Director
Boston Redevelopment Authority
Boston City Hall
Room 900
Boston, Ma. 02201

Dear Steven:

Please accept this letter of support for the Fenway Community Development Corporation's proposal to develop Parcel 6, at the corner of Massachusetts Avenue and St. Botolph Street.

The FCDC's proposal is responsive to the BRA's Request for Proposals, and in addition, provides a program that would bring about a substantial number of affordable cooperatives. I strongly support both the effort to increase the amount of affordable housing and the decision to do so by developing homeownership opportunities through the cooperative route.

Because Parcel 6 is the last Urban Renewal parcel in the Fenway, whatever developer is selected should provide a substantial amount of affordable housing.

The FCDC has shown its capacity, over the years, as a successful developer of affordable housing. It has an excellent track record, not only as a developer, but also as a developer which is concerned enough to respond to the opinions and needs of the residents who surround FCDC development projects.

Your consideration is greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Rosaria Salerno



The Commonwealth of Massachusetts House of Representatives

State House, Boston 02133

BYRON RUSHING

Room 167
Telephone (617) 722-2692
9TH SUFFOLK DISTRICT
(South End • Fenway • Mission Hill • Prudential)

February 19, 1988

Mr. Stephen Coyle, Director Boston Redevelopment Authority Ninth Floor One City Hall Square Boston, MA 02201

Dear Mr. Coyle:

I am writing you to express my support for the Fenway Community Development Corporation's proposal for designation to develop Parcel 6 into 67 units of housing. The Fenway CDC's proposal meets all of the BRA's developmental guidelines and it includes a provision for a theatre for the Boston Shakespeare Company.

More importantly, the Fenway CDC is a non-profit, neighborhood based housing developer. Their proposal is the only proposal with s significant proportion of affordable housing (47% low and moderate income). Their proposal also features a 500 seat theatre, a 100 seat theatre, 3000 square feet of retail space on Mass Avenue, 72 underground parking spaces and height and massing design features that will harmonize with the surroundings.

I strongly urge your favorable consideration of the Fenway Community Development Corporation's proposal for Parcel 6.

Yours truly.

BYRON RUSHING State Representative

BR:eed

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS

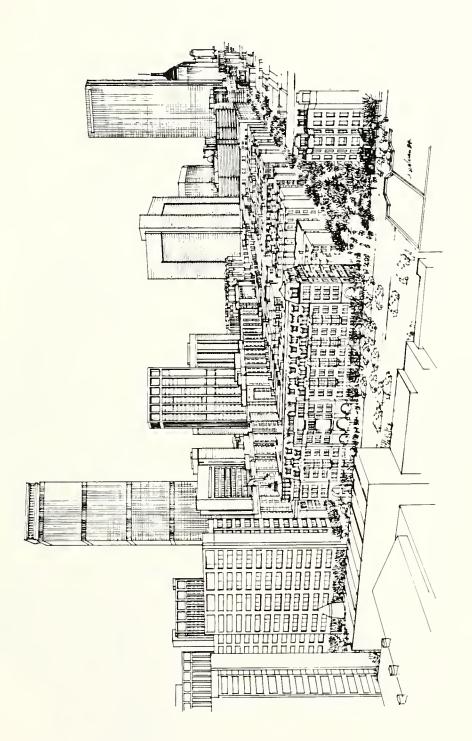
THE COMMITTEE ON ELECTION LAWS

CHAIRMAN, COMMISSION ON THE 350TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE ARRIVAL OF AFRICANS IN MASSACHUSETTS

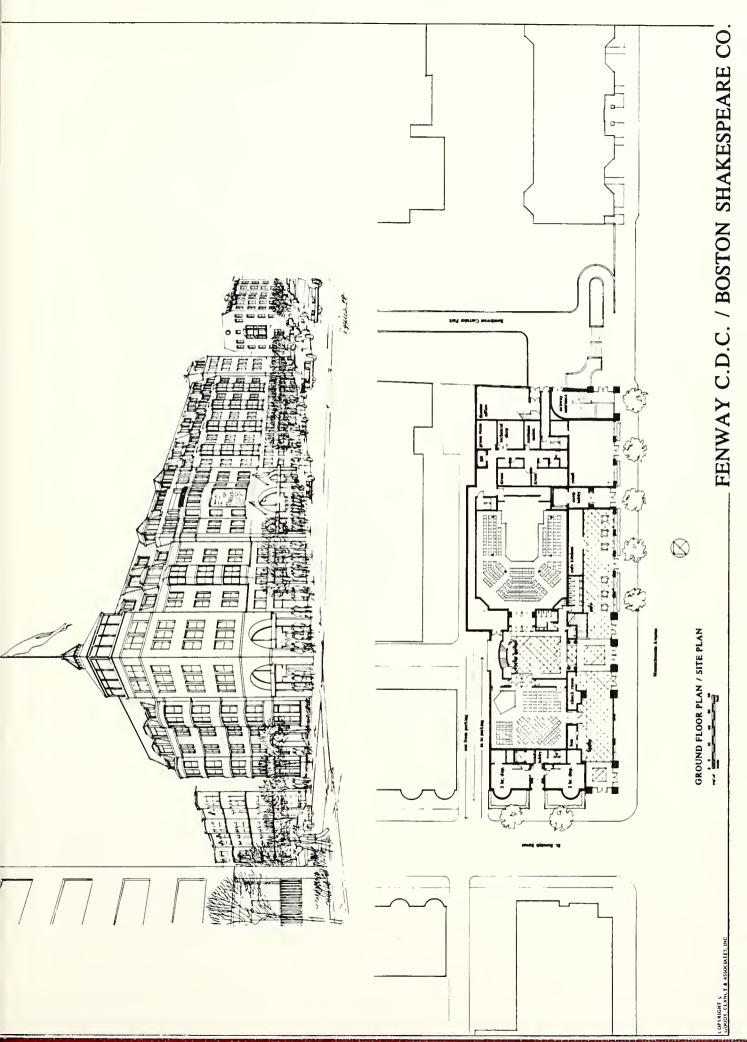




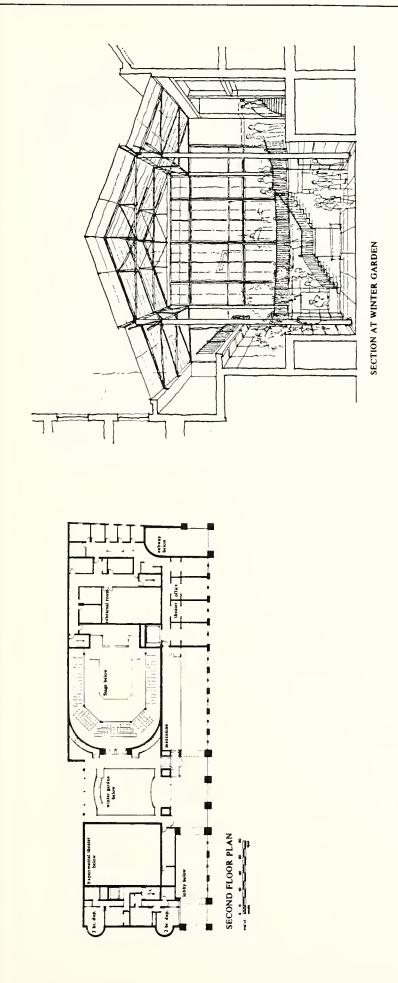


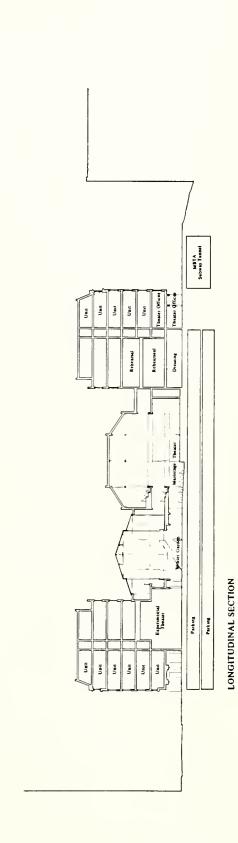






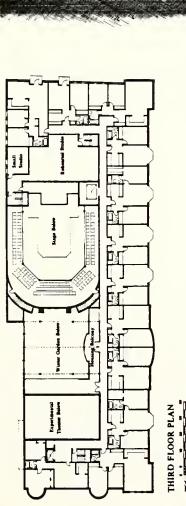


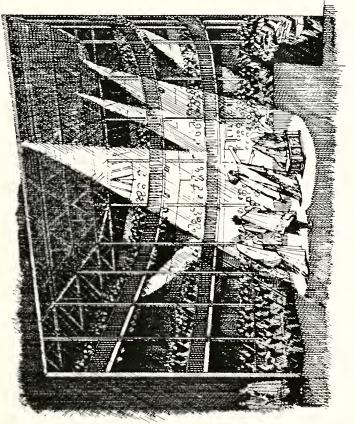




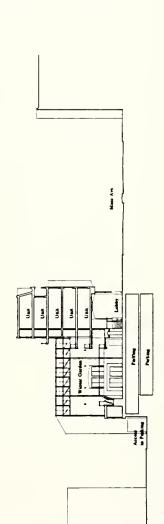
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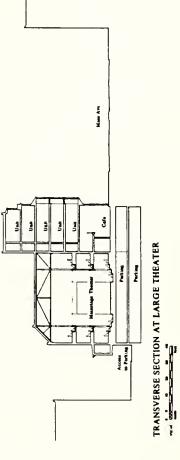




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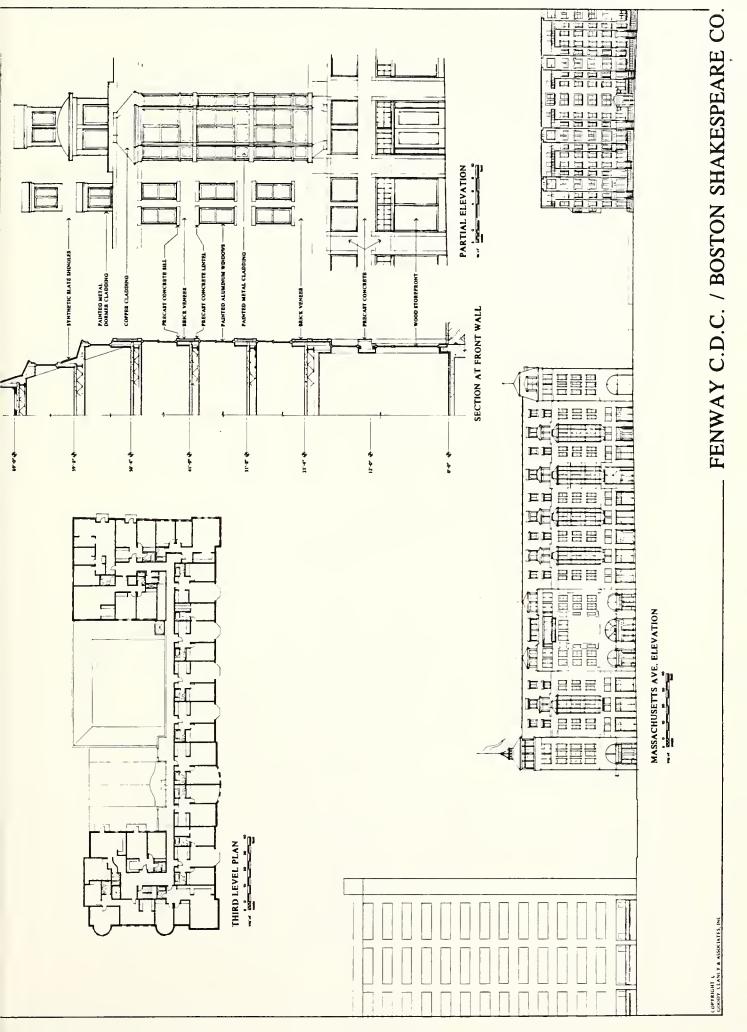
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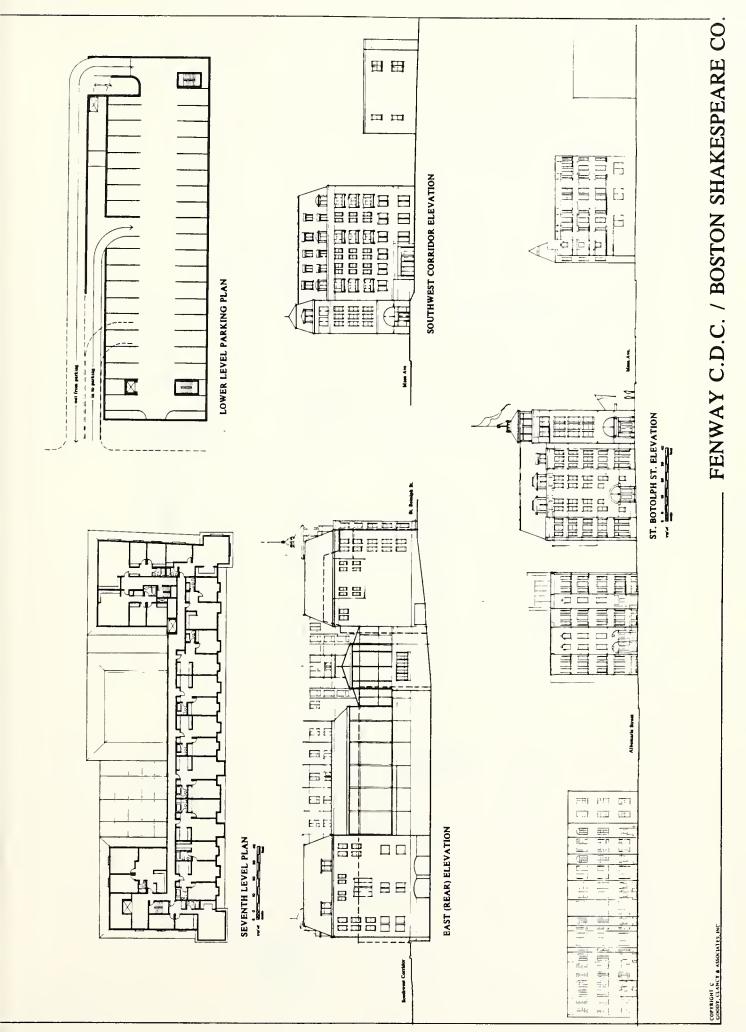
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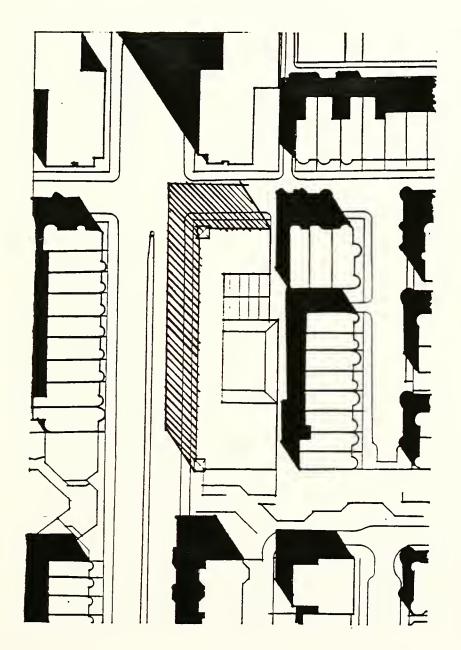












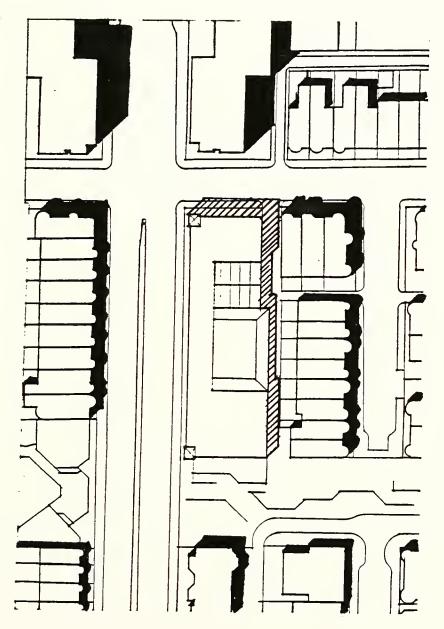
SUMMER SOLSTICE 9:00





existing shadows





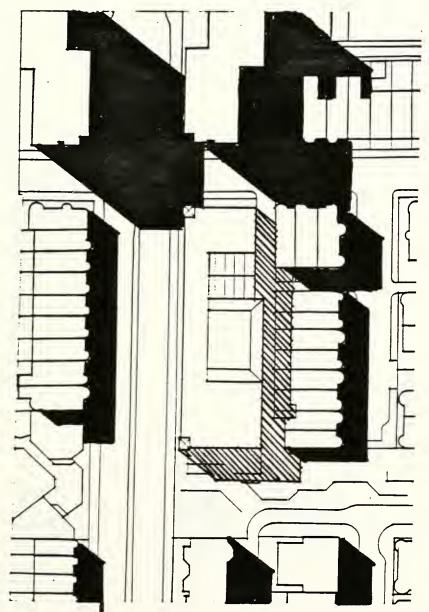
SUMMER SOLSTICE 12:00





existing shadows





SUMMER SOLSTICE 3:00

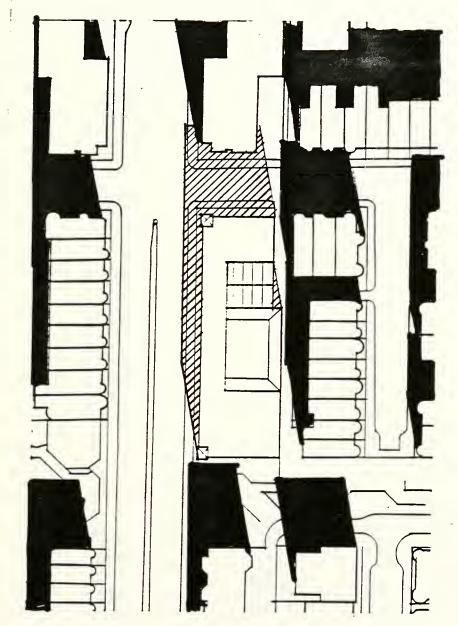




existing shadows







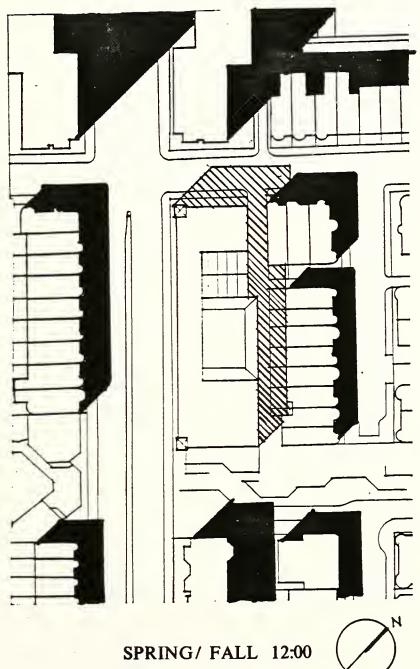
SPRING/ FALL 9:00





existing shadows net additional shadows



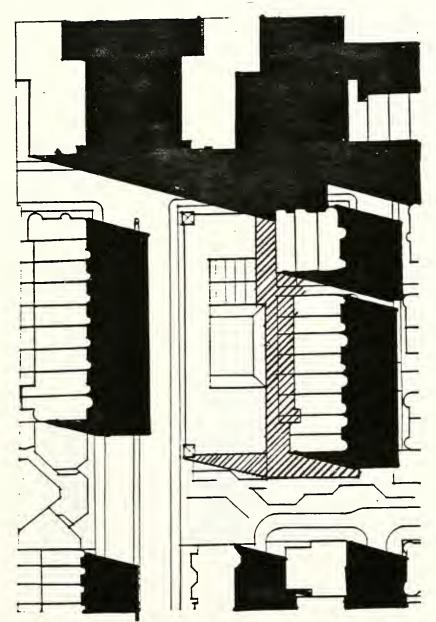






existing shadows net additional shadows





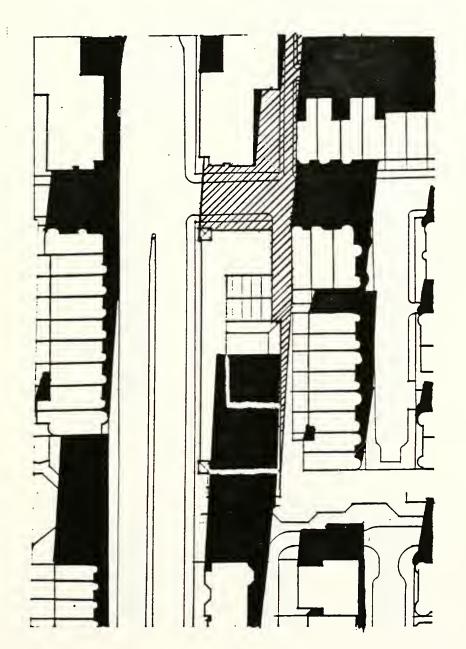
SPRING/ FALL 3:00





existing shadows
net additional shadows





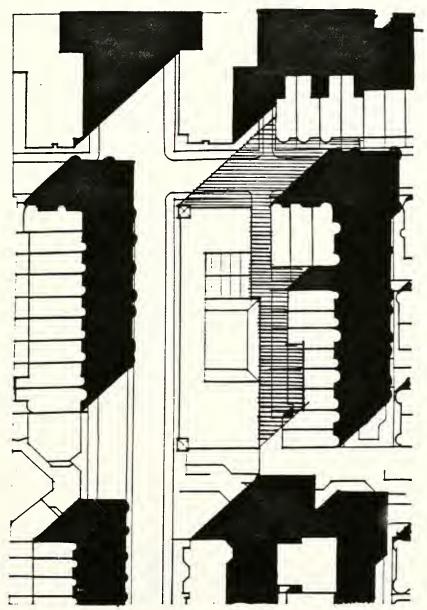
WINTER SOLSTICE 9:00





existing shadows net additional shadows





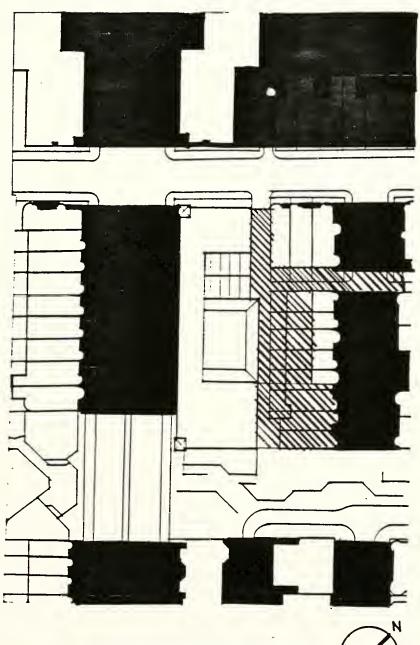
WINTER SOLSTICE 12:00





existing shadows net additional shadows





WINTER SOLSTICE 3:00





existing shadows





AUTHOR	FENWAY F343 1988 C.1 PROPOSAL FOR PARCEL	
DATE	BORROWER'S NAME	





